# General Specifications

ROTA**MASS** Total Insight Coriolis Mass Flow and Density Meter Giga



GS 01U10B03-00EN-R



## Scope of application

- Precise flow rate measurement of fluids and gases, multi-phase fluids and fluids with specific gas content using the Coriolis principle.
- Direct measurement of mass flow and density independent of the fluid's physical properties, such as density, viscosity and homogeneity
- Concentration measurement of solutions, suspensions and emulsions
- Fluid temperatures of -70 350 °C (-94 – 662 °F)
- Process pressures up to 100 bar
- EN, ASME or JIS standard flange process connections up to three nominal diameters per meter size
- Connection to common process control systems, such as via HART 7 or Modbus
- Hazardous area approvals: IECEx, ATEX, FM (USA/Canada), NEPSI, INMETRO, PESO, Taiwan Safety Label
- Safety-related applications: PED per AD 2000 Code, SIL 2, secondary containment up to 65 bar
- Marine type approval for Giga 1F: DNV GL

## Advantages and benefits

- Inline measurement of several process variables, such as mass, density and temperature
- Advanced functions like Net Oil Computing, Batching function and Viscosity function to avoid external dedicated flow computer.
- Adapterless installation due to multi-size flange concept
- No straight pipe runs at inlet or outlet required
- Fast and uncomplicated commissioning and operation of the flow meter
- Maintenance-free operation
- Functions that can be activated subsequently (Features on Demand)
- Total health check (diagnostic function): Self-monitoring of the entire flow meter, including accuracy
- Maximum accuracy due to calibration facility accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025 (for option K5)
- Self-draining installation
- Vibration-resistant due to counterbalanced doubletube measurement system



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## 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Applicable documents

For Ex approval specification, refer to the following documents:

- Explosion Proof Type Manual ATEX IM 01U10X01-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual IECEx IM 01U10X02-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual FM IM 01U10X03-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual INMETRO IM 01U10X04-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual PESO IM 01U10X05-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual NEPSI IM 01U10X06-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual KOREA Ex IM 01U10X07-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>
- Explosion Proof Type Manual EAC Ex IM 01U10X08-00\_\_-R<sup>1)</sup>

Other applicable User's manuals:

Protection of Environment (Use in China only) IM 01A01B01-00ZH-R

<sup>1)</sup> The "\_" symbols are placeholders. Here for example, for the corresponding language version (DE, EN, etc.).



## 1.2 Product overview

Rotamass Total Insight Coriolis mass flow and density meters are available in various product families distinguished by their applications. Each product family includes several product alternatives and additional device options that can be selected.

The following overview serves as a guide for selecting products.

		For low flow rate applications
	1000	Meter sizes: Nano 06, Nano 08, Nano 10, Nano 15,
Rotamass		Nano 20
Nano	H H	Connection sizes:
	-	<ul> <li>DN15, DN25, DN40</li> </ul>
		1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1", 11/2"
		Maximum mass flow: 1.5 t/h (55 lb/min)
		Versatility with low costs for the operator
	30	Meter sizes: Prime 25, Prime 40, Prime 50, Prime 80
Rotamass		Connection sizes:
Prime	and the second s	<ul> <li>DN15, DN25, DN40, DN50, DN80</li> <li>201 401 401 401 401 401</li> </ul>
		• <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ", <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ", <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ", 1", 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ", 2", 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ", 3"
		Maximum mass flow: 76 t/h (2800 lb/min)
		Excellent performance under demanding conditions
	T	Meter sizes: Supreme 34, Supreme 36, Supreme 38, Supreme 39
Rotamass		Connection sizes:
Supreme	Carbo	<ul> <li>DN15, DN25, DN40, DN50, DN65, DN80, DN100, DN125</li> </ul>
		3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1", 11/2", 2", 21/2", 3", 4", 5"
		Maximum mass flow: 170 t/h (6200 lb/min)
		For high process pressure applications
Detemana		Meter sizes: Intense 34, Intense 36, Intense 38
Rotamass Intense	OND:	Connection sizes:
	140	■ <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ", <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ", <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ", 1", 2"
		Maximum mass flow: 50 t/h (1800 lb/min)
		For food, beverage and pharmaceutical applications
	H	Meter sizes: Hygienic 25, Hygienic 40, Hygienic 50, Hygienic 80
Rotamass		Connection sizes:
Hygienic		<ul> <li>DN25, DN40, DN50, DN65, DN80</li> </ul>
		1", 1½", 2", 2½", 3"
		Maximum mass flow: 76 t/h (2800 lb/min)
		For high flow rate applications
		Meter sizes: Giga 1F, Giga 2H
Rotamass		Connection sizes:
Giga	L.	<ul> <li>DN100, DN125, DN150, DN200</li> </ul>
		4", 5", 6", 8"
		Maximum mass flow: 600 t/h (22000 lb/min)

Overview of Rotamass Total Insight product families



## 2 Measuring principle and flow meter design

## 2.1 Measuring principle

The measuring principle is based on the generation of Coriolis forces. For this purpose, a driver system (E) excites the two measuring tubes (M1, M2) in their first resonance frequency. Both pipes vibrate inversely phased, similar to a resonating tuning fork.

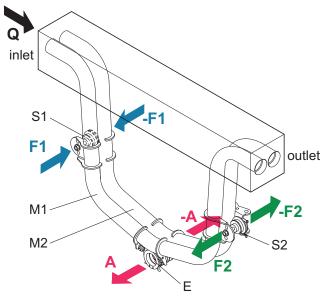


Fig. 1: Coriolis principle

M1,M2	Measuring tubes	E	Driver system
S1, S2	Pick-offs	А	Direction of measuring tube vibration
F1, F2	Coriolis forces	Q	Direction of fluid flow

#### Mass flow

The fluid flow through the vibrating measuring tubes generates Coriolis forces (F1, -F1 and F2, -F2) that produce positive or negative values for the tubes on the inflow or outflow side. These forces are directly proportional to the mass flow and result in deformation (torsion) of the measuring tubes.

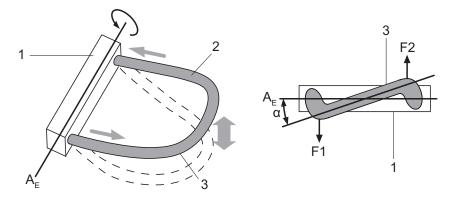


Fig. 2: Coriolis forces and measuring tube deformation

1	Measuring tube mount	A <sub>E</sub>	Rotational axis
2	Fluid	F1, F2	Coriolis forces
3	Measuring tube	α	Torsion angle



The small deformation overlying the fundamental vibration is recorded by means of pickoffs (S1, S2) attached at suitable measuring tube locations. The resulting phase shift  $\Delta \varphi$  between the output signals of pick-offs S1 and S2 is proportional to the mass flow. The output signals generated are further processed in a transmitter.

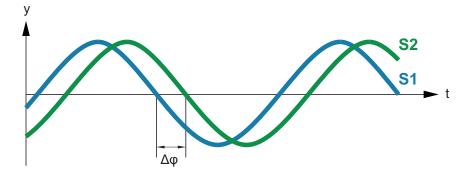


Fig. 3: Phase shift between output signals of S1 and S2 pick-offs

$\frac{\mathrm{d}m}{\mathrm{d}t}$		
Phase shift		
Dynamic mass		
Гime		
Mass flow		
Coriolis force		

#### Density measurement

Using a driver and an electronic regulator, the measuring tubes are operated in their resonance frequency f. This resonance frequency is a function of measuring tube geometry, material properties and the mass of the fluid covibrating in the measuring tubes. Altering the density and the attendant mass will alter the resonance frequency. The transmitter measures the resonance frequency and calculates density from it according to the formula below. Device-dependent constants are determined individually during calibration.

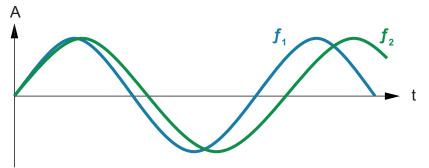


Fig. 4: Resonance frequency of measuring tubes

- A Measuring tube displacement
- $f_1$  Resonance frequency with fluid 1
- $f_2$  Resonance frequency with fluid 2

$\rho = \frac{\alpha}{f^2} + 1$	ß
ρ	Fluid density
f	Resonance frequency of measuring tubes
α, β	Device-dependent constants



Giga Measuring principle and flow meter design

Temperature measurement

The measuring tube temperature is measured in order to compensate for the effects of temperature on the flow meter. This temperature approximately equals the fluid temperature and is made available as a measured quantity at the transmitter as well.

### 2.2 Flow meter

The Rotamass Coriolis flow meter consists of:

- Sensor
- Transmitter

When the integral type is used, sensor and transmitter are firmly connected.

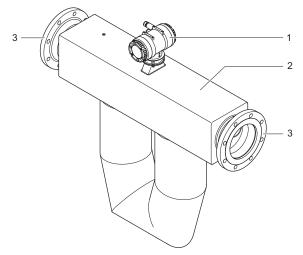


Fig. 5: Configuration of the Rotamass integral type

- 1 Transmitter
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Process connections

When the remote type is used, sensor and transmitter are linked via connecting cable. As a result, sensor and transmitter can be installed in different locations.

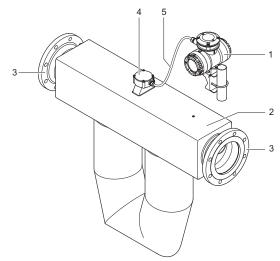


Fig. 6: Configuration of the Rotamass remote type

- Transmitter 1
- 2 Sensor

- 3 Process connections
- Sensor terminal box Connecting cable

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YOKOGAWA

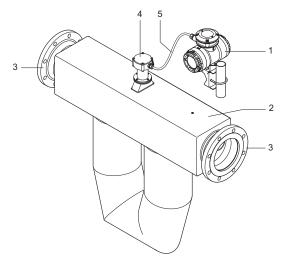


Fig. 7: Configuration of the Rotamass remote type - long neck

- 1 Transmitter
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Process connections
- Sensor terminal box
  - Connecting cable

General specifications

All available properties of the Rotamass Coriolis flow meter are specified by means of a model code.

4

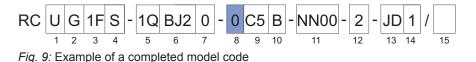
5

One model code position may include several characters depicted by means of dashed lines.

The positions of the model code relevant for the respective properties are depicted and highlighted in blue. Any values that might occupy these model code positions are subsequently explained.



Fig. 8: Highlighted model code positions

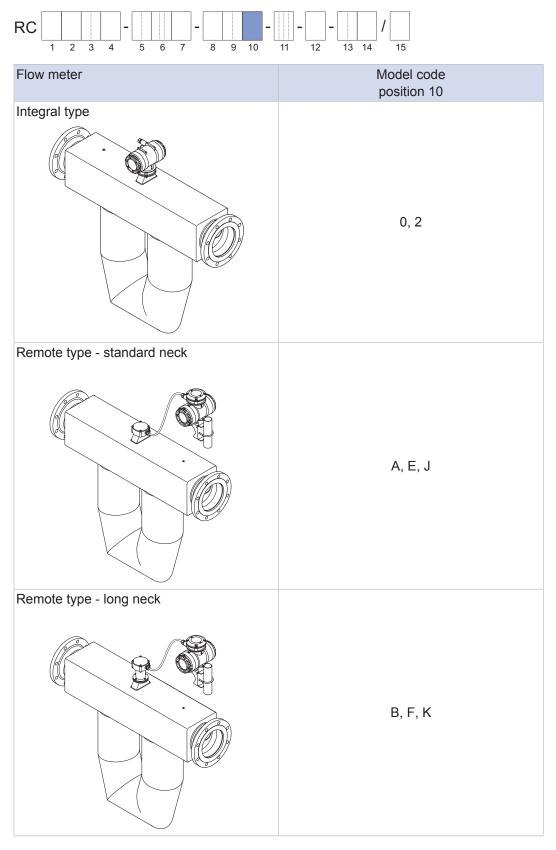


A complete description of the model code is included in the chapter entitled Ordering information [> 74].



## Type of designPosition 10

Position 10 of the model code defines whether the integral type or the remote type is used. It specifies further flow meter properties, such as the transmitter coating, see *Design and housing* [> 88].

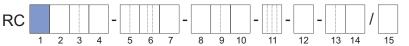




Transmitter overview Two different transmitters can be combined with the sensor: Essential and Ultimate.

Essential transmitter is suitable for general purposes applications and it delivers accurate and precise measurements of flow rate and density.

Ultimate transmitter, thanks to the advanced functions and "Features on Demand", offers dedicated application solutions with a superior accuracy and performances in measuring flow rate, density and concentration.



Transmitter	Properties	Model code position 1
Essential	<ul> <li>Down to 0.2 % mass flow accuracy for liquids</li> <li>Down to 0.75 % mass flow accuracy for gases</li> <li>Down to 4 g/l (0.25 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>) accuracy for density</li> <li>Total health check (diagnostic function)</li> <li>Advanced functions: <ul> <li>Tube health check (diagnostic function)</li> </ul> </li> <li>HART communication</li> <li>Modbus communication</li> <li>Data backup on microSD card</li> </ul>	E
Ultimate	<ul> <li>Down to 0.1 % mass flow accuracy for liquids</li> <li>Down to 0.5 % mass flow accuracy for gases</li> <li>Down to 2 g/l (0.13 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>) accuracy for density</li> <li>Total health check (diagnostic function)</li> <li>Advanced functions: <ul> <li>Standard concentration measurement</li> <li>Advanced concentration measurement</li> <li>Net Oil Computing following API standard</li> <li>Viscosity function</li> <li>Batching function</li> <li>Measurement of heat quantity</li> <li>Tube health check (diagnostic function)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Features on Demand</li> <li>HART communication</li> <li>Modbus communication</li> <li>Data backup on microSD card</li> </ul>	U



## 3 Application and measuring ranges

## 3.1 Measured quantities

The Rotamass Coriolis flow meter can be used to measure the following fluids:

- Liquids
- Gases
- Mixtures, such as emulsions, suspensions, slurries

Possible limitations applying to measurement of mixtures must be checked with the responsible Yokogawa sales organization.

The following variables can be measured using the Rotamass:

- Mass flow
- Density
- Temperature

Based on these measured quantities, the transmitter also calculates:

- Volume flow
- Partial component concentration of a two-component mixture
- Partial component flow rate of a mixture consisting of two components (net flow)

In this process, the net flow is calculated based on the known partial component concentration and the overall flow.

### 3.2 Measuring range overview

	Giga 1F	Giga 2H		
Mass flow range				
Typical connection size	DN100, 4"	DN150, 6"		
Q <sub>nom</sub>	250 t/h (9200 lb/min)	500 t/h (18000 lb/min)	[▶ 14]	
Q <sub>max</sub>	300 t/h (11000 lb/min)	600 t/h (22000 lb/min)		
Maximum volume flow				
(Water)	300 m <sup>3</sup> /h (2500 barrel/h)	600 m <sup>3</sup> /h (5000 barrel/h)	[▶ 14]	
Range of fluid density				
		0 – 2 kg/l (0 – 120 lb/ft³)		
Process fluid temperature range	'			
Standard <sup>1)</sup>		-70 – 150 °C (-94 – 302 °F)		
Mid-range	-70 – 230 °C (-94 – 446 °F)		[▶ 25]	
High		0 – 350 °C (32 – 662 °F)		

<sup>1)</sup> May be further restricted depending on the design.

Q<sub>nom</sub> - Nominal mass flow

 $Q_{\mbox{\scriptsize max}}$  - Maximum mass flow

The nominal mass flow  $Q_{nom}$  is defined as the mass flow of water (temperature: 20 °C) at 1 bar pressure loss along the flow meter.



Model code

position 3

1F

2H

Maximum volume flow

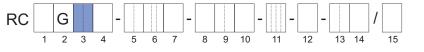
in m<sup>3</sup>/h (barrel/h)

300 (2500)

600 (5000)

### 3.3 Mass flow

For Rotamass Giga the following meter sizes to be determined using the *Model code* [> 85] are available.



Volume flow

(at 1 bar pressure loss)

in m<sup>3</sup>/h (barrel/h)

250 (2100)

500 (4200)

Typical

DN100, 4"

DN150, 6"

connection size

Mass flow of liquids

Mass flow of gases

When using the Rotamass for measuring the flow of gases, the mass flow is usually limited by the pressure loss generated and the maximum flow velocity. Since these depend heavily on the application, please contact the local Yokogawa sales organization.

Q<sub>nom</sub>

in t/h (lb/min)

250 (9200)

500 (18000)

Q<sub>max</sub>

in t/h (lb/min)

300 (11000)

600 (22000)

#### 3.4 Volume flow

Meter size

Giga 1F

Giga 2H

Meter size

Giga 1F

Giga 2H

#### Volume flow of liquids (water at 20 °C)

Volume flow of gases

When using the Rotamass for measuring the flow of gases, the flow rate is usually limited by the pressure loss generated and the maximum flow velocity. Since these depend heavily on the application, please contact the local Yokogawa sales organization.

#### 3.5 Pressure loss

The pressure loss along the flow meter is heavily dependent on the application. The pressure loss of 1 bar at nominal mass flow  $Q_{nom}$  also applies to water and is considered the reference value.

## 3.6 Density

Meter size	Measuring range of density	
Giga 1F	$0.2 \text{ kg/l} (0.120 \text{ lb/ft}^3)$	
Giga 2H	0 – 2 kg/l (0 – 120 lb/ft³)	

Rather than being measured directly, density of gas is usually calculated using its reference density, process fluid temperature and process pressure.

#### 3.7 Temperature

The process fluid temperature measuring range is limited by:

- Design type (integral or remote)
- Process connection size and type
- Ex approvals

Maximum measuring range: -70 - 350 °C (-94 - 662 °F)



## 4 Accuracy

In this chapter, maximum deviations are indicated as absolute values.

**(i)** 

All accuracy data are given in ± values.

#### 4.1 Overview

Achievable accuracies for liquids

Achievable accuracies for gases

Maximum deviation D is made up of zero point stability Z and accuracy  $D_0$ , see Mass flow accuracy [> 16]. The accuracy achieved at calibration conditions as delivered is specified below; see Calibration conditions [> 21].

Measured quanti	ity	Accuracy for transmitters		
		Essential	Ultimate	
Mass flow <sup>1)</sup>	Accuracy <sup>2)</sup> D <sub>0</sub>	0.2 % of measured value	0.1 % of measured value	
Mass now /	Repeatability	0.1 % of measured value	0.05 % of measured value	
Volume flow	Accuracy <sup>2)</sup> $D_V$	0.45 % of measured value	0.12 % of measured value	
(water) <sup>1)</sup>	Repeatability	0.23 % of measured value	0.06 % of measured value	
Density	Accuracy <sup>2)</sup>	4 g/l (0.25 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	2 g/l (0.13 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	
Density	Repeatability	2 g/l (0.13 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	1 g/l (0.06 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	
Temperature	Accuracy <sup>2)</sup>	0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	

<sup>1)</sup> Based on the measured values of the pulse output. This means that the flow accuracy and repeatability considers the combined measurement uncertainties including sensor, electronic and pulse output interface.

<sup>2)</sup> Best accuracy per transmitter type.

The connecting cable may influence the accuracy. The values specified are valid for connecting cables  $\leq$  30 m (98.4 ft) long.

Measured quantity		Accuracy for transmitters		
		Essential	Ultimate	
Mass flow /		0.75 % of measured value	0.5 % of measured value	
standard volume flow <sup>1)</sup>	Repeatability	0.6 % of measured value	0.4 % of measured value	
Temperature	Accuracy <sup>2)</sup>	0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	

<sup>1)</sup> Based on the measured values of the pulse output. This means that the flow accuracy and repeatability considers the combined measurement uncertainties including sensor, electronic and pulse output interface.

<sup>2)</sup> Best mass flow accuracy per transmitter type.

In the event of fluid temperature jumps, a delay is to be expected in the temperature being displayed due to low heat capacity and heat conductivity of gases.

The connecting cable may influence the accuracy. The values specified are valid for connecting cables  $\leq$  30 m (98.4 ft) long.



## 4.2 Zero point stability of the mass flow

In case of no flow, the maximum measured flow rate is called *Zero point stability*. Zero point values are shown in the table below.

Meter size	Zero point stability Z in kg/h (lb/h)
Giga 1F	13 (29)
Giga 2H	25 (55)

#### 4.3 Mass flow accuracy

Maximum deviation D is made up of zero point stability Z and accuracy  $D_0$ , resulting in the following formula:



Basic accuracy depends on the product version selected and can be found in the tables in chapter Accuracy of mass flow and density according to the model code [ 18].

10

NN00

2

12

#### 4.3.1 Sample calculation for liquids

#### Example

Fluid: Zero point stability *Z*: Accuracy *D*<sub>0</sub>: Value of mass flow *Q*: Liquid 13 kg/h 0.1 % 6250 kg/h

0 C5 B

## Calculation of accuracy:

 $D = 13 \text{ kg/h} / 6250 \text{ kg/h} \times 100 \% + 0.1 \%$ 

1Q BJ2

6

5

0

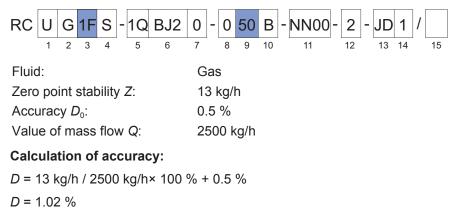
D = 0.31 %

RC

#### 4.3.2 Sample calculation for gases

The maximum deviation in the case of gases depends on the product version selected, see also *Mass flow and density accuracy* [> 88].

Example





## 4.4 Accuracy of density

#### 4.4.1 For liquids

Meter size	Transmitter	Maximum deviation of density <sup>1)</sup> in g/l (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )
Giga 1F	Essential	Down to $4(0.25)$
Giga 2H	Essential	Down to 4 (0.25)
Giga 1F	Liitimata	$D_{\text{over to } 2}(0.12)$
Giga 2H	Ultimate	Down to 2 (0.13)

<sup>1)</sup> Deviations possible depending on product version (meter size, type of calibration)

The maximum deviation depends on the product version selected, see also Accuracy of mass flow and density according to the model code [ 18].

### 4.4.2 For gases

In most applications, density at standard conditions is fed into the transmitter and used to calculate the standard volume flow based on mass flow.

If gas pressure is a known value, after entering a reference density, the transmitter is able to calculate gas density from temperature and pressure as well (while assuming an ideal gas).

Alternatively, there is an option for measuring gas density. In order to do so, it is necessary to adapt the lower density limit value in the transmitter.

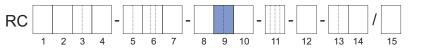
For most applications the direct measurement of the gas density will have insufficient accuracy.



### 4.5 Accuracy of mass flow and density according to the model code

Accuracy for flow rate as well as density is selected via model code position 9. Here a distinction is made between devices for measuring liquids and devices for measuring gases. No accuracy for density measurement is specified for gas measurement devices.

#### 4.5.1 For liquids



#### Essential

Model code Maximum Applicable Maximum deviation D<sub>0</sub> for mass deviation of measuring range flow position 9 density<sup>1)</sup> of accuracy in % in g/l in kg/l Giga 1F Giga 2H E7 4 0.3 – 2 0.2 0.2

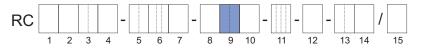
<sup>1)</sup> Specified maximum deviation is achieved within the applicable measuring range for density.

#### Ultimate

Model code position 9	Maximum deviation of density <sup>1)</sup>	Applicable measuring range of accuracy	ring range flow	
	in g/l	in kg/l	Giga 1F	Giga 2H
C5	2	0.3 – 2	0.1	0.1
E7	4	0.3 – 2	0.2	0.2

<sup>1)</sup> Specified maximum deviation is achieved within the applicable measuring range for density.

#### 4.5.2 For gases



Essential	Maximum accuracy $D_0$ for mass flow in %	Model code position 9
	0.75	70
Ultimate	Maximum accuracy $D_0$ for mass flow in %	Model code position 9
	0.5	50



### 4.6 Volume flow accuracy

### 4.6.1 For liquids

The following formula can be used to calculate the accuracy of liquid volume flow:

$D_{\rm v} = \sqrt{D^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta\rho}{\rho} \times 100\%\right)^2}$
--

 $D_{\rm V}$  Maximum deviation of volume flow in %

Δρ Maximum deviation of density in kg/l

- *D* Maximum deviation of mass flow in %
- ρ Density in kg/l

#### 4.6.2 For gases

Accuracy of standard volume flow for gas with a fixed composition equals the maximum deviation D of the mass flow.



```
\bigcirc
```

In order to determine the standard volume flow for gas, it is necessary to input a reference density in the transmitter. The accuracy specified is achieved only for fixed gas composites. Major deviations may appear if the gas composition changes.

### 4.7 Accuracy of temperature

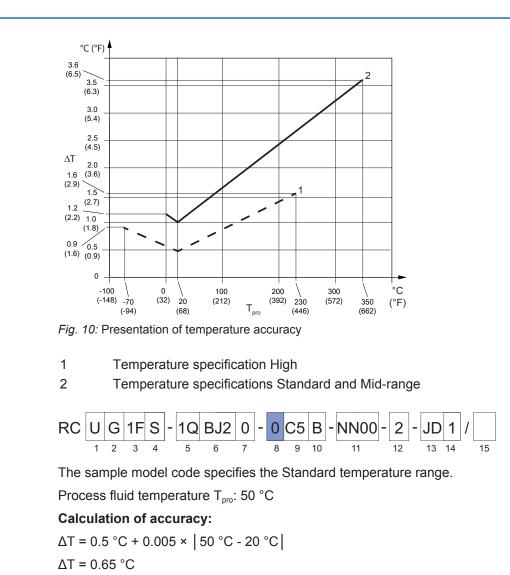
Various process fluid temperature ranges are specified for Rotamass Giga:

- Standard:
  - Integral type: -50 150 °C (-58 302 °F)
  - Remote type: -70 150 °C (-94 302 °F)
- Mid-range:
  - Remote type: -70 230 °C (-94 446 °F)
- High:
  - Remote type: 0 350 °C (32 662 °F)

Accuracy of temperature depends on the sensor temperature range selected (see *Process fluid temperature range [* 25]) and can be calculated as follows:

Formula for temperature specifications <i>Standard</i> and	ΔΤ	$5 \text{ °C} + 0.005 \times  T_{pro} - 20 \text{ °C} $ Maximum deviation of temperature
Mid-range	$T_{pro}$	Process fluid temperature in °C
Formula for temperature	$\Delta T = 1$	$.0 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.008 \times  T_{pro} - 20 ^{\circ}\text{C} $
specification <i>High</i>	ΔT	Maximum deviation of temperature
ingn	$T_{pro}$	Process fluid temperature in °C





Example



For liquids

When using default damping times, the specified repeatability of mass flow, density and temperature measurements equals half of the respective maximum deviation.

$R = \frac{D}{2}$
-------------------

R Repeatability

D Maximum deviation

For gases

In deviation hereto, the following applies to mass and standard volume flow of gases:





### 4.9 Calibration conditions

#### 4.9.1 Mass flow calibration and density adjustment

All Rotamass are calibrated in accordance with the state of the art at Rota Yokogawa. Optionally, the calibration can be performed according to a method accredited by DAkkS in accordance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (Option K5, see *Certificates* [ 96]).

Each Rotamass device comes with a standard calibration certificate.

Calibration takes place at reference conditions. Specific values are listed in the standard calibration certificate.

	Reference conditions
Fluid	Water
Density	0.9 – 1.1 kg/l (56 – 69 lb/ft³)
Eluid temperature	10 – 35 °C (50 – 95 °F)
Fluid temperature	Average temperature: 22.5 °C (72.5 °F)
Ambient temperature	10 – 35 °C (50 – 95 °F)
Process pressure (absolute)	1 – 2 bar (15 – 29 psi)

The accuracy specified is achieved at as-delivered calibration conditions stated.

#### 4.10 Process pressure effect

Process pressure effect is defined as the change in sensor flow and density deviation due to process pressure change away from the calibration pressure. This effect can be corrected by dynamic pressure input or a fixed process pressure.

*Tab. 1:* Process pressure effect, wetted parts stainless steel 1.4404/ 316L and Ni alloy C-22/ 2.4602

Meter size	Material	Deviation of Flow		Deviation of Density	
		in % of rate per bar	in % of rate per psi	in g/l per bar	in g/l per psi
Cigo 1E	1.4404/316L	-0.0289	-0.00199	-0.140	-0.0097
Giga 1F	C-22/2.4602	-0.0313	-0.00216	-0.191	-0.0132
Giga 2H	1.4404/316L	-0.0484	-0.00334	-0.179	-0.0123



### 4.11 Process fluid temperature effect

For mass flow and density measurement, process fluid temperature effect is defined as the change in sensor flow and density accuracy due to process fluid temperature change away from the calibration temperature. For temperature ranges, see *Process fluid temperature range* [> 25].

Temperature effect<br/>on ZeroTemperature effect on Zero of mass flow can be corrected by zeroing at the process fluid<br/>temperature.

Temperature effect<br/>on mass flowThe process fluid temperature is measured and the temperature effect compensated.<br/>However due to uncertainties in the compensation coefficients and in the temperature<br/>measurement an uncertainty of this compensation is left. The typical rest error of<br/>Rotamass Total Insight temperature effect on mass flow is:

Tab. 2: All models

Temperature range	Uncertainty of flow
Standard, Mid-range	±0.001 % of rate / °C (±0.0005 % of rate / °F)
High	±0.0011 % of rate / °C (±0.0006 % of rate / °F)

The temperature used for calculation of the uncertainty is the difference between process fluid temperature and the temperature at calibration condition. For temperature ranges, see *Process fluid temperature range* [ 25].

Temperature effect on density measurement (liquids)

Formula for metric values

Formula for imperial values



Process fluid temperature influence:

$D'_{\rho} = \pm k \times \text{abs} (T_{\text{pro}} - 20 \text{ °C})$

 $D'_{\rho} = \pm k \times \text{abs} (\mathsf{T}_{\text{pro}} - 68 \,^{\circ}\mathsf{F})$ 

- $D'_{o}$  Additional density deviation due to the effect of fluid temperature in g/l (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)
- T pro Process fluid temperature in °C (°F)
- *k* Constant for temperature effect on density measurement in  $g/l \times 1/^{\circ}C$  (lb/ft<sup>3</sup> × 1/°F)

*Tab. 3:* Constants for particular meter size and model code position (see also *Process fluid temper-ature range [* 25] and *Mass flow and density accuracy [* 88])

Meter size	Model code position 4	Model code position 8	Model code position 9	<i>k</i> in g/l × 1/°C (lb/ft³ × 1/°F)
Giga 1F	S	0, 2	C5 F7	0.110 (0.0038)
		3		0.290 (0.0101)
	Н	0, 2	C5, E7	0.090 (0.0031)
		3		0.210 (0.0073)
Giga 2H	S	0, 2	C5, E7	0.070 (0.0024)
		3	C3, ⊑7	0.180 (0.0062)



## 5 Operating conditions

## 5.1 Location and position of installation

Rotamass Coriolis flow meters can be mounted horizontally, vertically and at an incline. The measuring tubes should be completely filled with the fluid during flow measurement as accumulations of air or formation of gas bubbles in the measuring tube may result in errors in measurement. Straight pipe runs at inlet or outlet are usually not required.

Avoid the following installation locations and positions:

- Measuring tubes as highest point in piping when measuring liquids
- · Measuring tubes as lowest point in piping when measuring gases
- Immediately in front of a free pipe outlet in a downpipe
- Lateral positions

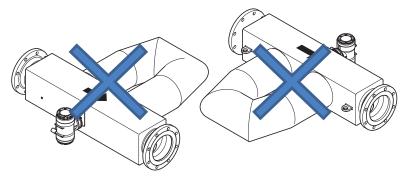
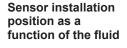


Fig. 11: Installation position to be avoided: Flow meter in sideways position

#### 5.1.1 Sensor installation position

Installation positionFluidDescriptionHorizontal, measuring tubes at<br/>bottomImage: Construction of the position of the position





Installation position	Fluid	Description
Vertical, direction of flow towards the top (recommended)	Liquid/gas	The sensor is installed on a pipe with the direction of flow towards the top. Accumulation of gas bubbles or solids is avoided. This position allows for complete self-draining of the measuring tubes.

## 5.2 Installation instructions

The following instructions for installation must be observed:

- 1. Protect the flow meter from direct sun irradiation in order to avoid exceeding the maximum allowed temperature of the transmitter.
- 2. In case of installing two sensors of the same kind back-to-back redundantly, use a customized design and contact the responsible Yokogawa sales organization.
- 3. Avoid installation locations susceptible to cavitation, such as immediately behind a control valve.
- 4. In case that the fluid temperatures deviate approx. 80 °C from the ambient temperature, insulating the sensor is recommended in order to avoid injuries as well as to maintain utmost accuracy, see *Insulation and heat tracing* [▶ 29].
- 5. Avoid installation directly behind rotary and gear pumps to prevent fluctuations in pressure from interfering with the resonance frequency of the Rotamass measuring tubes.
- In case of remote installation: When installing the connecting cable between sensor and transmitter, keep the cable temperature above -10 °C (14 °F) to prevent cable damage from the installation stresses.



**(i)** 

### 5.3 Process conditions

(i) The pressure and temperature ratings presented in this section represent the design values for the devices. For individual applications (e.g. marine applications with option MC\_) further limitations may apply according to the respective applicable regulations. For details see chapter *Marine Approval* [▶ 100].

#### 5.3.1 Process fluid temperature range

Allowed process fluid and ambient temperature ranges in hazardous areas depend on classifications defined by applications, refer to *Temperature specification in hazardous areas* [> 34].

For Rotamass Giga the following process fluid temperature ranges are available:



Temperature range	Model code position 8	Process fluid temperature in °C (°F)	Design type	Model code position 10
Standard	0	-50 — 150 (-58 — 302)	Integral type	0, 2
Stanuaru	0	-70 – 150 (-94 – 302)		A, B, E, F, J, K
Mid-range	2	-70 – 230 (-94 – 446)	Remote type	B, F, K
High	3	0 – 350 (32 – 662)		B, F, K

#### 5.3.2 Density

Meter size	Measuring range of density
Giga 1F	0 – 2 kg/l (0 – 120 lb/ft³)
Giga 2H	0 - 2  kg/l (0 - 120  lb/lt)

Rather than being measured directly, density of gas is usually calculated using its reference density, process fluid temperature and process pressure.

#### 5.3.3 Pressure

The maximum allowed process pressure depends on the selected process connection and its surface temperature.

The given process connection temperature and process pressure ranges are calculated and approved without corrosion or erosion effects.

The following diagrams shows the process pressure as a function of process connection temperature as well as the process connection used (type and size of process connection).



## **Giga** Operating conditions

p in bar

ASME class 150

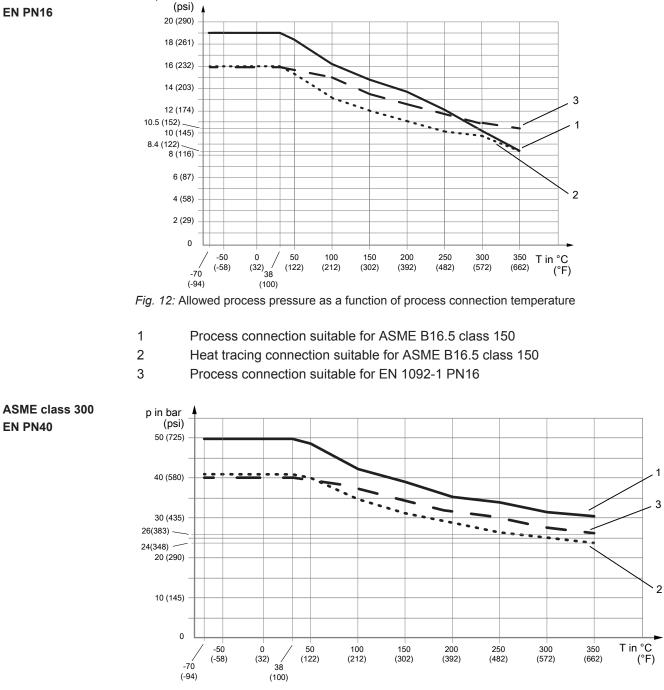


Fig. 13: Allowed process pressure as a function of process connection temperature

- 1 Process connection suitable for ASME B16.5 class 300
- 2 Heat tracing connection for ASME B16.5 class 300
- 3 Process and heat tracing connection suitable for EN 1092-1 PN40



### ASME class 600 EN PN63

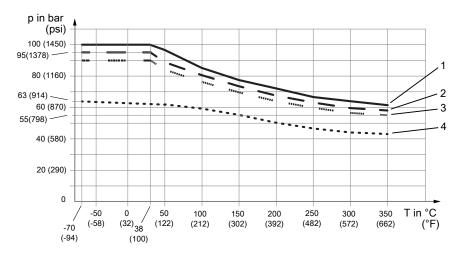
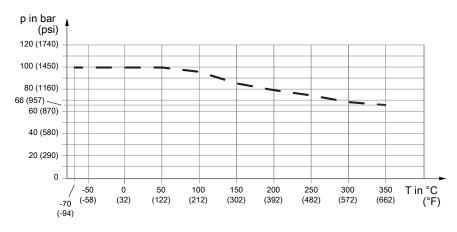


Fig. 14: Allowed process pressure as a function of process connection temperature

- Process connection suitable for ASME B16.5 class 600: Giga with meter size 1F, material wetted parts S or H (without ASME compliance); Giga with meter size 1F, material wetted parts H and ASME compliance (option P15)
- Process connection suitable for ASME B16.5 class 600:
   Giga with meter size 1F, material wetted parts S and ASME compliance (option P15)
- 3 Process connection suitable for ASME B16.5 class 600: Giga with meter size 2H
- 4 Process connection suitable for EN 1092-1 PN63



*Fig. 15:* Allowed process pressure as a function of process connection temperature, suitable for flange EN 1092-1 PN100





## **Giga** Operating conditions

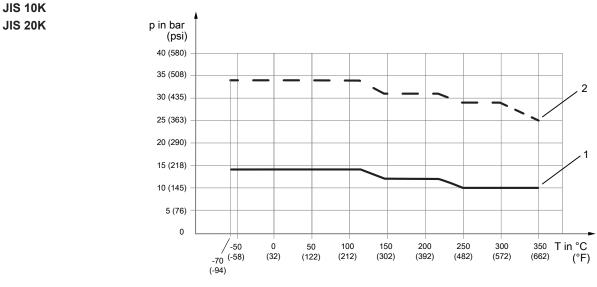


Fig. 16: Allowed process pressure as a function of process connection temperature

- 1 Process connection suitable for JIS B 2220 10K
- 2 Process connection suitable for JIS B 2220 20K

**Rupture disc** The rupture disc is located on the sensor housing. It is available as an option, see *rupture disc* [▶ 98]. The rupture disc's bursting pressure is 20 bar. In the case of big nominal diameters and high pressures, it is not possible to ensure that the entire process pressure is released across the rupture disc. In the event this is necessary, it is possible to request a customized design from the responsible Yokogawa sales organization. In the event of a burst pipe, the rupture disc provides an acoustic signal in applications with gases.

### 5.3.4 Mass flow

For liquids the preferred measuring range is 10 % - 80 % of Q<sub>nom</sub>, see Mass flow [> 14].

For **gases**, as a result of low gas density, the maximum mass flow  $Q_{max}$  is usually not reached in gas measurements. In general, the maximum flow velocity should not exceed 33 % of the sonic velocity of the fluid.

5.3.	5 Insulation and heat traci	ng			
(j)	In case that the fluid temperature deviates more than 80 °C (176 °F) from the am- bient temperature, insulating the sensor is recommended to avoid negative ef- fects from temperature fluctuations on accuracy.				
	RC	-     -     -     -       7     8     9     10     11     12	- 13 14	15	
Overview	Description			Options	
of device options for insulation	· · · · ·			T10	
and heat tracing for remote type	<ul><li>Insulation</li><li>Heat tracing without version</li></ul>	entilation		T21, T22, T26	
	<ul><li>Insulation</li><li>Heat tracing with venti</li></ul>	lation		T31, T32, T36	
	For details about the order and heat tracing [▶ 95] in the second secon			he same heading Insulation	
	<ul> <li>Do not insulate transm</li> </ul>	<ul><li>If the sensor is insulated subsequently, the following must be noted:</li><li>Do not insulate transmitter as well.</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>In case of remote type</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>The preferred insulatio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not expose transmitters to ambient temperatures exceeding 60 °C (140 °F).</li> <li>The preferred insulation is 80 mm (3.15 inch) thick with a heat transfer coefficient of 0.4 W/m<sup>2</sup> K (0.07 Btu/ ft<sup>2</sup> °F).</li> </ul>			
Maximum temperature	Temperature range			n temperature range of heat carrier in °C (°F)	
of heat carrier	Standard 0 0 - 1		0 – 150 (32 – 302)		
	Mid-range 2 0 - 230		0 – 230 (32 – 446) <sup>1)</sup>		
	High	High 3 0 – 350 (		0 – 350 (32 – 662)	
	<sup>1)</sup> With Ex Approval 0 – 220	<sup>1)</sup> With Ex Approval 0 – 220 °C (32 – 428 °F)			
	Pressure ratings of heat tracing are defined based on heat tracing connection, refer to <i>Pressure</i> [ 25].				
	Electrical heating can be p case the heating device is			netic insulation is required in pulse train.	
()		In hazardous areas, subsequent application of insulation, heating jacket or heat- ing strips is not permitted.			
5.3.0	6 Secondary containment				
	Some applications or envir the process pressure for in containment filled with iner housing are defined in the	creased safety. All Rotan t gas. The rupture pressu	nass Tota	I Insight have a secondary	
Typical rupture	Rupture pressure in bar (p	si)			
pressure	Giga 1FS	Giga 1FH		Giga 2HS	
	6	65 (942)		50 (725)	



### 5.4 Ambient conditions

Rotamass Total Insight can be used at demanding ambient conditions.

In doing so, the following specifications must be taken into account:

As ambient temperature is intend the air surrounding the device.

Allowed ambient and storage temperature of Rotamass Total Insight depends on the below components and their own temperature limits:

- Sensor
- Transmitter
- Connecting cable between sensor and transmitter (for remote design type)

Amplent	
temperature	

. . . .

Maximum ambient temperature range <sup>1)</sup>			
integral type:		-40 – 60 °C (-40 – 140 °F)	
remote type			
with standard cable (option L):	Sensor <sup>2)</sup> :	-50 – 80 °C (-58 – 176 °F)	
	Transmitter:	-40 – 60 °C (-40 – 140 °F)	
with fire retardant cable <sup>3)</sup>	Sensor <sup>2)</sup> :	-35 – 80 °C (-31 – 176 °F)	
(option Y):	Transmitter:	-35 – 60 °C (-31 – 140 °F)	

<sup>1)</sup> If the device is operating outdoors make sure that the solar irradiation does not increase the surface temperature of the transmitter higher than the allowed maximum ambient temperature. Transmitter display has limited legibility below -20 °C (-4 °F)

<sup>2)</sup> Check derating for high fluid temperature, see *Process fluid temperature range* [> 25], *Process conditions* [> 25] and *Allowed ambient temperature for sensor* [> 31]

<sup>3)</sup> Lower temperature specification valid for fixed installation only

Storage	Maximum storage temperature range			
temperature	integral type		-40 – 60 °C (-40 – 140 °F)	
	remote type			
	with standard cable	Sensor:	-50 – 80 °C (-58 – 176 °F)	
	(option L):	Transmitter:	-40 - 60 °C (-40 - 140 °F)	
	with fire retardant cable	Sensor:	-35 – 80 °C (-31 – 176 °F)	
	(option Y):	Transmitter:	-35 – 60 °C (-31 – 140 °F)	
Further	Ranges and specifications			
ambient conditions	Relative humidity		0 – 95 %	
	IP code		IP66/67 for transmitters and sensors when using the appropriate cable glands	
	Allowable pollution degree in surrounding area acc.: EN 61010-1		4 (in operation)	
	Resistance to vibration acc.: IEC 60068-2-6 (not with option $T_{\_\_}$ )		Transmitter: 10 – 500 Hz, 1g	
			Sensor: 25 – 100 Hz, 4g	



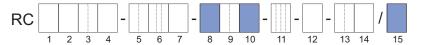
Ranges and specifications	
<ul> <li>Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)</li> <li>IEC/EN 61326-1, Table 2</li> <li>IEC/EN 61326-2-3</li> <li>NAMUR NE 21 recommendation</li> <li>DNVGL-CG-0339, chapter 14</li> <li>This includes</li> <li>Surge immunity acc.: <ul> <li>EN 61000-4-5 for lightning protection</li> </ul> </li> <li>Emission acc.: <ul> <li>IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A</li> <li>IEC/EN 61000-3-3, Class A</li> <li>NAMUR NE 21 recommendation</li> <li>DNVGL-CG-0339, chapter 14</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Immunity assessment criterion: The output signal fluctuation is within ±1 of the output span.
Maximum altitude	2000 m (6600 ft) above mean sea level (MSL)
Overvoltage category according to IEC/EN 61010-1	П

#### 5.4.1 Allowed ambient temperature for sensor

As ambient temperature is intended the temperature of the air surrounding the device. If the device is operating outdoors be sure that solar irradiation does not increase the surface temperature higher than the allowed maximum ambient temperature.

The allowed ambient temperature depends on the following product properties:

- Process fluid temperature, see Process fluid temperature range [ 25]
- Design type
  - Integral type
  - Remote type
- Connecting cable type (options L\_\_\_ and Y\_\_\_)

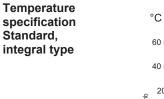


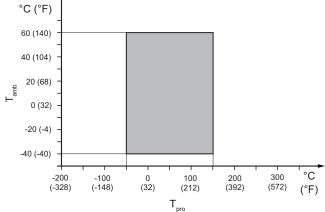
The allowed combinations of process fluid and ambient temperature for the sensor are illustrated as gray areas in the diagrams below.

(i) Allowed process fluid and ambient temperature ranges in hazardous areas depend on classifications defined by applications, refer to *Temperature specification in hazardous areas* [▶ 34].

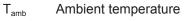


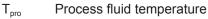
## **Giga** Operating conditions













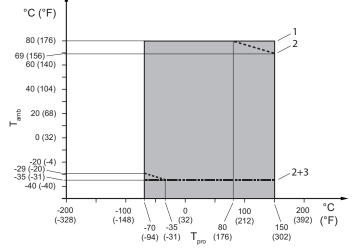


Fig. 18: Allowed process fluid and ambient temperatures, remote type

- 1 Standard cable option L\_\_\_
- 2 Limitation for fire retardant cable option  $Y_{\_\_}$  for standard neck or long neck with option  $T_{\_\_}$
- 3 Limitation for fire retardant cable option  $Y_{\_\_\_}$  for long neck without option  $T_{\_\_}$



#### Temperature specification Mid-range, remote type

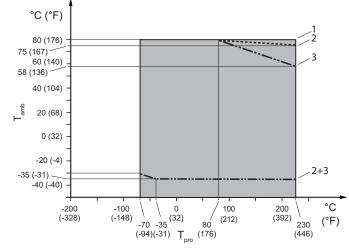


Fig. 19: Allowed process fluid and ambient temperatures, remote type

- 1 Standard cable option L\_\_\_
- 2 Limitation for fire retardant cable option Y\_\_\_ without option T\_\_
- 3 Limitation for fire retardant cable option Y\_\_\_ with option T\_\_



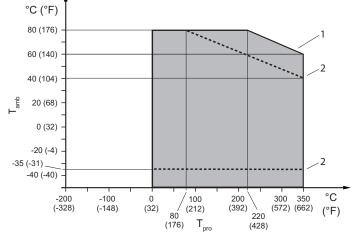


Fig. 20: Allowed process fluid and ambient temperatures, remote type

- 1 Standard cable option L\_\_\_
- 2 Limitation for fire retardant cable option Y\_\_\_\_

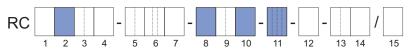


## 5.4.2 Temperature specification in hazardous areas

The maximum ambient and process fluid temperatures depending on explosion groups and temperature classes can be determined via the model code or via the model code together with the Ex code (see the corresponding Explosion Proof Type Manual).

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0 Pos. 10: 0, 2 Pos. 11: \_F21, FF11 Ex code: 7.89.89.90.54.10

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



Tab. 4: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)	Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
Т6	39 (102)	70 (158)
T5	54 (129)	85 (185)
T4	60 (140)	121 (249)
Т3	60 (140)	150 (302)
T2	60 (140)	150 (302)
T1	60 (140)	150 (302)

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0 Pos. 10: 0, 2 Pos. 11: \_F22, FF12 Ex code: 7.84.84.86.54.10

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



#### Tab. 5: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)	Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
Т6	41 (105)	65 (149)
T5	56 (132)	80 (176)
T4	60 (140)	117 (242)
Т3	60 (140)	150 (302)
T2	60 (140)	150 (302)
T1	60 (140)	150 (302)

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0 Pos. 10: A, E, J Pos. 11: \_F21, FF11 Ex code: 7.89.89.90.54.10 The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



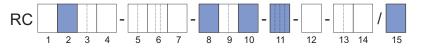
#### Tab. 6: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	37 (98)	37 (98)	70 (158)
Т5	52 (125)	52 (125)	85 (185)
T4	80 (176)	60 (140)	121 (249)
Т3	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)
T2	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)
T1	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF11



Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0 Pos. 10: A, E, J Pos. 11: \_F22, FF12 Ex code: 7.84.84.86.54.10 The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



#### Tab. 7: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	39 (102)	39 (102)	65 (149)
T5	54 (129)	54 (129)	80 (176)
T4	80 (176)	62 (143)	117 (242)
Т3	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)
T2	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)
T1	78 (172)	49 (120)	150 (302)

Option  $Y_{\_\_\_}$  not with model code pos. 11: FF12

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



Tab. 8: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	44 (111)	44 (111)	70 (158)
Т5	59 (138)	59 (138)	85 (185)
T4	80 (176)	73 (163)	121 (249)
Т3	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)
T2	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)
T1	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF11

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



Tab. 9: Temperature classification

Temperature class	· · · ·		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	44 (111)	44 (111)	65 (149)
T5	59 (138)	59 (138)	80 (176)
T4	80 (176)	74 (165)	117 (242)
Т3	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)
T2	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)
T1	80 (176)	70 (158)	150 (302)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF12

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0 Pos. 10: B, F, K Pos. 11: \_F21, FF11 Ex code: 7.89.89.90.54.10

Model code:

Pos. 10: B, F, K

7.84.84.86.54.10

Pos. 11: \_F22, FF12

Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 0

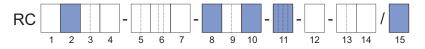
Ex code:



## Giga Operating conditions

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 2 Pos. 10: B, F, K Pos. 11: \_F21, FF11 Ex code: 7.89.89.90.90.80

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:



#### Tab. 10: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambie in °C		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	44 (111)	44 (111)	70 (158)
Т5	59 (138)	59 (138)	85 (185)
T4	80 (176)	73 (163)	121 (249)
Т3	80 (176)	64 (147)	186 (366)
T2	80 (176)	59 (138)	220 (428)
T1	80 (176)	59 (138)	220 (428)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF11

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:

RC 10 12 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 11 13 14 15

Tab. 11: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	44 (111)	44 (111)	65 (149)
Т5	59 (138)	59 (138)	80 (176)
T4	80 (176)	74 (165)	117 (242)
Т3	80 (176)	64 (147)	183 (361)
T2	80 (176)	59 (138)	220 (428)
T1	80 (176)	59 (138)	220 (428)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF12

The following figure shows the relevant positions of the model code:

Tab. 12: Temperature classification

Temperature class	Maximum ambient temperature in °C (°F)		Maximum fluid temperature in °C (°F)
	Option L	Option Y	
Т6	62 (143)	62 (143)	65 (149)
T5	77 (170)	77 (170)	80 (176)
T4	80 (176)	74 (165)	115 (239)
Т3	80 (176)	65 (149)	180 (356)
T2	73 (163)	50 (122)	275 (527)
T1	60 (140)	40 (104)	350 (662)

Option Y\_\_\_ not with model code pos. 11: FF11, FF12

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 2 Pos. 10: B, F, K Pos. 11: \_F22, FF12

Ex code:

7.84.84.86.87.80

Model code: Pos. 2: G Pos. 8: 3 Pos. 10: B, F, K Pos. 11: \_F21, \_F22, FF11, FF12 Ex code:

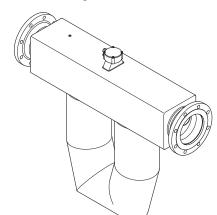


### 6 Mechanical specification

#### 6.1 Design

The Rotamass Giga flow meter is available with two design types:

- Integral type, sensor and transmitter are firmly connected
- Remote type
  - Standard neck
  - Long neck



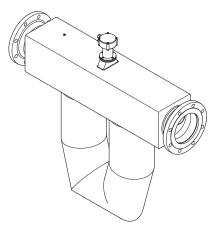


Fig. 21: Standard and long neck



Design type	Design version	Process fluid temperature range	Model code position 10		
Integral type	Direct connection	Standard	0, 2		
	Standard neck	Stanuaru	A, E, J		
Remote type		Standard			
	Long neck	Mid-range	B, F, K		
		High			

<b>i</b>	If insulation (e.g. device option / T) is planned, it is mandatory to use the re- mote type with long neck.
<b>(</b> )	The design influences the temperature specification for Ex-approved Rotamass, see Explosion Proof Type Manual (IM 01U10X00EN-R).

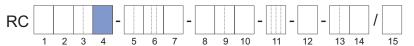


#### 6.2 Material

#### 6.2.1 Material wetted parts

The wetted parts of Rotamass Giga are available in two material versions.

For corrosive fluids, use of a corrosion-resistant nickel alloy (nickel alloy C-22/2.4602) is recommended for wetted parts.



Material	
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	Model code position 4
Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	S
Nickel alloy C-22/2.4602	Н

#### 6.2.2 Non-wetted parts

Housing material of sensor and transmitter are specified via model code position 7 and position 10.

Sensor housing material

RC					-			-						-		/		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	3 14		15	

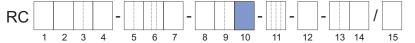
Housing material	Model code position 7
Stainless steel 1.4301/304, 1.4404/316L	0
Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	1

Transmitter housing, coating and bracket material

The transmitter housing is available with different coatings:

- Standard coating
  - Urethane-cured polyester powder coating
- Corrosion protection coating

Three-layer coating with high chemical resistance (polyurethane coating on two layers of epoxy coating)



Housing material	Coating	Design type	Model code position 10	Bracket material
		Integral type	0	_
Aluminum	Standard coating	Remote type	A, B	Stainless steel 1.4301/304
Al-Si10Mg(Fe)	Corrosion	Integral type	2	—
	protection coating	Remote type	E, F	Stainless steel 1.4301/304
Stainless steel	_	Domoto tuno	J, K	Stainless steel
CF8M	_	Remote type	J, K	1.4404/316L

See also Design and housing [ 88].



#### Nameplate

For stainless steel transmitter the nameplates are made of stainless steel 1.4404/316L. Aluminum transmitter nameplates are made of foil.

In case of sensor housing material stainless steel 1.4404/316L (Model code position 7, value 1), nameplates of sensor are made of stainless steel 1.4404/316L. With other sensor housing material and with process fluid temperature range standard the sensor nameplates are made of foil, for other temperature ranges the nameplates are made of stainless steel 1.4404/316L.

#### 6.3 Process connections, dimensions and weights of sensor

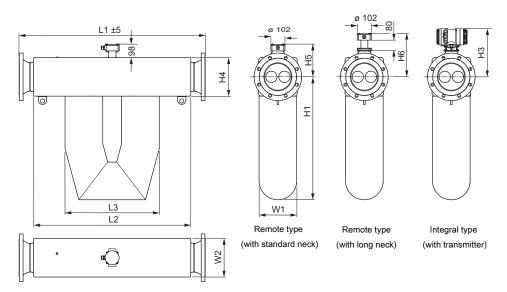


Fig. 22: Dimensions in mm

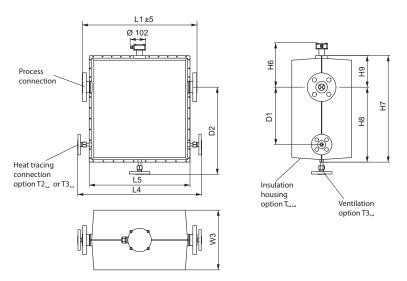


Fig. 23: Dimensions in mm: version with insulation housing



Meter size	L2	L3	L4	L5	W1	W2	W3	D1	D2
				in	mm (inc	h)			
Giga 1F	892	691	1050	944	168	176	342	350	677
	(35.1)	(27.2)	(41.3)	(37.2)	(6.6)	(6.9)	(13.5)	(13.8)	(26.7)
Giga 2H	1140	683	-	-	273	280	-	-	-
	(44.9)	(26.9)	(-)	(-)	(10.7)	(11)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Meaning of "--": not available

Tab. 14: Dimensions without length L1

Meter size	H1	H3	H4	H5	H6	H7	H8	H9
				in mm	(inch)			
Giga 1F	556	327	176	186	266	818	625	193
	(21.9)	(12.9)	(6.9)	(7.3)	(10.5)	(32.2)	(24.6)	(7.6)
Giga 2H	891	380	280	238	320	-	-	-
	(35.1)	(15)	(11)	(9.4)	(12.6)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Meaning of "--": not available

#### Overall length L1 and weight

The overall length of the sensor depends on the selected process connection (type and size of flange). The following tables list the overall length and weight (without insulation or heat tracing) as functions of the individual process connection.

The weights in the tables are for the remote type with standard neck. Additional weight for the remote type with long neck: 1 kg (2.2 lb). Additional weight for the integral type: 3.5 kg (7.7 lb).

RC		G		s	]-[				-						-		/		
	1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14		15	

*Tab. 15:* Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connections: ASME, wetted parts: stainless steel)

Process connections	Model co	ode pos.	Gig	a 1F	Giga	a 2H
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
ASME 4" class 150, raised face (RF)		BA1	1100 (43.3)	95 (210)	_	_
ASME 4" class 300, raised face (RF)	1H	BA2	1100 (43.3)	103 (227)	-	_
ASME 4" class 600, raised face (RF)		BA4	1100 (43.3)	112 (246)	-	_
ASME 4" class 600, ring joint (RJ)		CA4	1100 (43.3)	112 (247)	_	_
ASME 5" class 150, raised face (RF)		BA1	1100 (43.3)	97 (214)	_	_
ASME 5" class 300, raised face (RF)	1Q	BA2	1100 (43.3)	109 (239)	-	_
ASME 5" class 600, raised face (RF)	ιQ	BA4	1160 (45.7)	136 (299)	-	_
ASME 5" class 600, ring joint (RJ)		CA4	1160 (45.7)	136 (301)	_	_

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#### Process connections suitable for ASME B16.5

Process connections	Model code pos.		Giga 1F		Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
ASME 6" class 150, raised face (RF)		BA1	1100 (43.3)	101 (223)	1350 (53.1)	290 (639)
ASME 6" class 300, raised face (RF)	1F	BA2	1100 (43.3)	118 (259)	1350 (53.1)	307 (677)
ASME 6" class 600, raised face (RF)		BA4	1200 (47.2)	149 (329)	1390 (54.7)	332 (732)
ASME 6" class 600, ring joint (RJ)		CA4	1200 (47.2)	150 (331)	1390 (54.7)	333 (733)
ASME 8" class 150, raised face (RF)		BA1	_	_	1350 (53.1)	302 (666)
ASME 8" class 300, raised face (RF)	21	BA2	_	_	1350 (53.1)	324 (714)
ASME 8" class 600, raised face (RF)	2H	BA4	_	_	1440 (56.7)	371 (818)
ASME 8" class 600, ring joint (RJ)		CA4	_	_	1440 (56.7)	372 (821)

Meaning of "--": not available



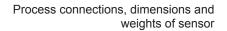
*Tab. 16:* Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connection: ASME, wetted parts: Ni alloy C-22/2.4602)

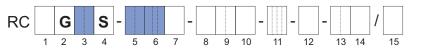
Process connections	Model co	ode pos.	Giga 1F		Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
ASME 5" class 150, raised face (RF)		BA1	1100 (43.3)	99 (219)	—	_
ASME 5" class 300, raised face (RF)	1Q	BA2	1100 (43.3)	111 (245)	_	_
ASME 5" class 600, raised face (RF)	-	BA4	1110 (43.7)	133 (293)	_	_
ASME 6" class 150, raised face (RF)	1F	BA1	1100 (43.3)	106 (235)	_	_
ASME 6" class 300, raised face (RF)		BA2	1100 (43.3)	124 (274)	_	_

Meaning of "--": not available



Process connections
suitable for
EN 1092-1





*Tab.* 17: Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connections: EN, wetted parts: stainless steel)

Process connections	Model co	Model code pos.		a 1F	Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
EN DN100 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD2	(inch) 1100 (43.3)	92 (202)	(inch) _	-
EN DN100 PN16, type D, with groove	-	GD2	1100 (43.3)	91 (201)	_	_
EN DN100 PN16, type E, with spigot		ED2	1100 (43.3)	91 (200)	_	_
EN DN100 PN16, type F, with recess		FD2	1100 (43.3)	91 (201)	_	_
EN DN100 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD4	1100 (43.3)	95 (209)	_	_
EN DN100 PN40, type D, with groove	-	GD4	1100 (43.3)	94 (208)	_	_
EN DN100 PN40, type E, with spigot		ED4	1100 (43.3)	94 (207)	_	_
EN DN100 PN40, type F, with recess	1H	FD4	1100 (43.3)	94 (206)	_	_
EN DN100 PN63, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD5	1100 (43.3)	100 (220)	_	_
EN DN100 PN63, type D, with groove		GD5	1100 (43.3)	99 (219)	_	_
EN DN100 PN63, type E, with spigot		ED5	1100 (43.3)	98 (217)	_	_
EN DN100 PN63, type F, with recess		FD5	1100 (43.3)	99 (218)	_	_
EN DN100 PN100, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD6	1100 (43.3)	106 (233)	-	-
EN DN100 PN100, type D, with groove		GD6	1100 (43.3)	105 (232)	_	_
EN DN100 PN100, type E, with spigot		ED6	1100 (43.3)	104 (230)	_	_
EN DN100 PN100, type F, with recess		FD6	1100 (43.3)	105 (231)	_	-



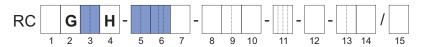
Process connections	Model c	ode pos.	Gig	Giga 1F		a 2H
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
EN DN125 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD2	1100 (43.3)	95 (209)	_	-
EN DN125 PN16, type D, with groove		GD2	1100 (43.3)	94 (208)	_	_
EN DN125 PN16, type E, with spigot		ED2	1100 (43.3)	94 (206)	_	_
EN DN125 PN16, type F, with re- cess		FD2	1100 (43.3)	94 (207)	_	_
EN DN125 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)	_	BD4	1100 (43.3)	99 (218)	_	_
EN DN125 PN40, type D, with groove		GD4	1100 (43.3)	99 (217)	_	_
EN DN125 PN40, type E, with spigot		ED4	1100 (43.3)	98 (216)	-	-
EN DN125 PN40, type F, with re- cess	1Q	FD4	1100 (43.3)	98 (216)	_	_
EN DN125 PN63, type B1, raised face (RF)	ΠQ	BD5	1100 (43.3)	109 (240)	_	_
EN DN125 PN63, type D, with groove	_	GD5	1100 (43.3)	108 (239)	_	_
EN DN125 PN63, type E, with spigot		ED5	1100 (43.3)	107 (237)	_	_
EN DN125 PN63, type F, with re- cess		FD5	1100 (43.3)	108 (238)	_	_
EN DN125 PN100, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD6	1140 (44.9)	121 (267)	_	_
EN DN125 PN100, type D, with groove		GD6	1140 (44.9)	121 (266)	_	_
EN DN125 PN100, type E, with spigot		ED6	1140 (44.9)	119 (263)	_	_
EN DN125 PN100, type F, with recess		FD6	1140 (44.9)	120 (265)	_	_

Process connections	Model co	ode pos.	Gig	a 1F	Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
EN DN150 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD2	1100 (43.3)	98 (216)	1350 (53.1)	288 (634)
EN DN150 PN16, type D, with groove		GD2	1100 (43.3)	98 (215)	1350 (53.1)	287 (633)
EN DN150 PN16, type E, with spigot		ED2	1100 (43.3)	97 (214)	1350 (53.1)	286 (631)
EN DN150 PN16, type F, with recess	_	FD2	1100 (43.3)	97 (214)	1350 (53.1)	287 (632)
EN DN150 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD4	1100 (43.3)	105 (231)	1350 (53.1)	294 (648)
EN DN150 PN40, type D, with groove		GD4	1100 (43.3)	104 (230)	1350 (53.1)	293 (647)
EN DN150 PN40, type E, with spigot		ED4	1100 (43.3)	103 (228)	1350 (53.1)	293 (645)
EN DN150 PN40, type F, with re- cess	1F	FD4	1100 (43.3)	104 (228)	1350 (53.1)	293 (646)
EN DN150 PN63, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD5	1140 (44.9)	124 (274)	1350 (53.1)	311 (685)
EN DN150 PN63, type D, with groove		GD5	1140 (44.9)	124 (273)	1350 (53.1)	310 (684)
EN DN150 PN63, type E, with spigot	_	ED5	1140 (44.9)	122 (269)	1350 (53.1)	309 (681)
EN DN150 PN63, type F, with recess		FD5	1140 (44.9)	123 (272)	1350 (53.1)	310 (683)
EN DN150 PN100, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD6	1180 (46.5)	138 (303)	_	_
EN DN150 PN100, type D, with groove		GD6	1180 (46.5)	137 (302)	_	_
EN DN150 PN100, type E, with spigot		ED6	1180 (46.5)	136 (299)	_	_
EN DN150 PN100, type F, with recess		FD6	1180 (46.5)	137 (301)	_	_



Process connections	Model co	ode pos.	Giga 1F		Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
EN DN200 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD2	_	_	1350 (53.1)	294 (649)
EN DN200 PN16, type D, with groove		GD2	_	_	1350 (53.1)	294 (647)
EN DN200 PN16, type E, with spigot		ED2	_	_	1350 (53.1)	293 (646)
EN DN200 PN16, type F, with re- cess		FD2	_	_	1350 (53.1)	293 (646)
EN DN200 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)		BD4	_	_	1350 (53.1)	311 (685)
EN DN200 PN40, type D, with groove		GD4	_	_	1350 (53.1)	310 (683)
EN DN200 PN40, type E, with spigot	2H	ED4	_	_	1350 (53.1)	308 (680)
EN DN200 PN40, type F, with re- cess		FD4	_	_	1350 (53.1)	309 (682)
EN DN200 PN63, type B1, raised face (RF)	_	BD5	_	_	1350 (53.1)	333 (733)
EN DN200 PN63, type D, with groove	-	GD5	_	_	1350 (53.1)	332 (732)
EN DN200 PN63, type E, with spigot		ED5	_	_	1350 (53.1)	330 (728)
EN DN200 PN63, type F, with re- cess		FD5	_	_	1350 (53.1)	331 (730)

Meaning of "--": not available

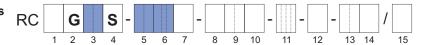


*Tab. 18:* Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connections: EN, wetted parts: Ni alloy C-22/2.4602)

Process connections	Model code pos.		Gig	Giga 1F		a 2H
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
EN DN125 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)	1Q	BD2	1100 (43.3)	96 (212)	-	_
EN DN125 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)	ΤQ	BD4	1100 (43.3)	101 (222)	_	_
EN DN150 PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)	45	BD2	1100 (43.3)	103 (227)	_	_
EN DN150 PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)	1F	BD4	1100 (43.3)	110 (241)	_	_

Meaning of "--": not available

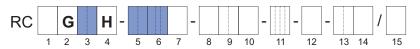




*Tab. 19:* Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connections: JIS, wetted parts: stainless steel)

Process connections	Model co	Model code pos.		a 1F	Giga	a 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	
JIS DN100 10K	1H	BJ1	1100 (43.3)	91 (200)	-	_	
JIS DN100 20K		BJ2	1100 (43.3)	94 (208)	_	_	
JIS DN125 10K	10	BJ1	1100 (43.3)	94 (207)	_	—	
JIS DN125 20K	1Q	BJ2	1100 (43.3)	101 (222)	_	_	

Meaning of "--": not available



*Tab. 20:* Overall length L1 and weight of sensor (process connections: JIS, wetted parts: Ni alloy C-22/2.4602)

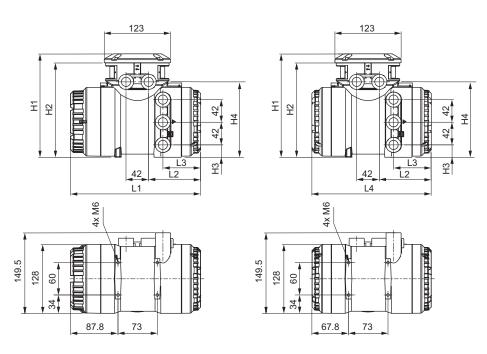
Process connections	Model code pos.		Giga 1F		Giga 2H	
	5	6	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)	L1 in mm (inch)	Weight in kg (lb)
JIS DN125 10K	10	BJ1	1100 (43.3)	97 (213)	_	_
JIS DN125 20K	1Q	BJ2	1100 (43.3)	103 (228)	_	_

Meaning of "--": not available



#### 6.4 Transmitter dimensions and weights

Transmitter dimensions



*Fig. 24:* Dimensions of transmitter in mm (left: transmitter with display, right: transmitter without display)

*Tab. 21:* Overall length L1 - L4 and height H1 - H4 of transmitter (material: stainless steel, aluminum)

Material	L1	L2	L3	L4	H1	H2	H3	H4
	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm
	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)
Stainless steel	255.5	110.5	69	235	201	184	24	150.5
	(10.06)	(4.35)	(2.72)	(9.25)	(7.91)	(7.24)	(0.94)	(5.93)
Alu-	241.5	96.5	70	221	192	175	23	140
minum	(9.51)	(3.8)	(2.76)	(8.7)	(7.56)	(6.89)	(0.91)	(5.51)

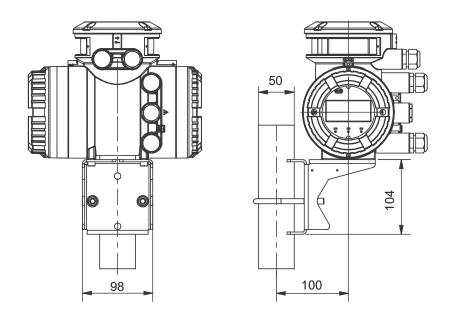
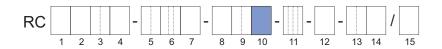


Fig. 25: Dimensions of transmitter in mm, attached by sheet metal console (bracket)



Transmitter
weights

Model code (pos. 10)	Design type	Housing material of transmitter	Weight in kg (lb)
A, B, E, F	Remote	Aluminum	4.2 (9.3)
J, K		Stainless steel	12.5 (27.6)



### 7 Transmitter specification

Overview of functional scope of the Rotamass transmitter

	Transmitter	
Functional scope	Essential	Ultimate
	Essential 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Model code (position 1)	E	U
4-line Dot-Matrix display	•	•
Universal power supply (V $_{\text{DC}}$ and V $_{\text{AC}}$ )	•	•
microSD card	•	•
Installation		
Integral type	•	•
Remote type	•	•
Features on Demand	-	•
Special functions		
Wizard	•	•
Event management	•	•
Total health check <sup>1)</sup> (diagnostic function)	•	•
Dynamic pressure compensation <sup>2)</sup>	-	•
Advanced functions		
Standard concentration measurement	-	•
Advanced concentration measurement	-	•
Measurement of heat quantity <sup>2)</sup>	-	•
Net Oil Computing following API standard	-	•
Tube health check (diagnostic function)	•	•
Batching function	-	•
Viscosity function <sup>2)</sup>	-	•
Inputs and outputs		
Analog output	•	•
Pulse/frequency output	•	•
Status output	•	•
Analog input	-	•
Status input	•	•
Communication		
HART	•	•
Modbus	•	•

meaning of "-": not available; meaning of "•": available

<sup>1)</sup> Function is based on external software (FieldMate)

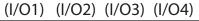
<sup>2)</sup> Only in combination with an analog input

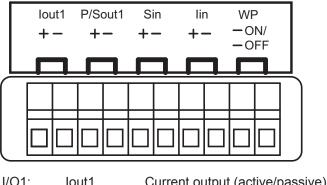


#### 7.1 Inputs and outputs

Depending on the flow meter specification, there are different configurations of the connection terminal. Following are configuration examples of the connection terminal (value JK and M7 on model code position 13 - see *Communication type and I/O* [> 89] for details):

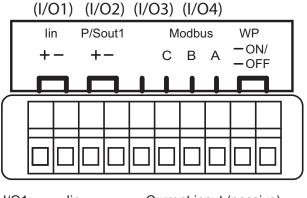
#### HART





1/01:	IOUTI	Current output (active/passive)
I/O2:	P/Sout1	Pulse or status output (passive)
I/O3:	Sin	Status input
I/O4:	lin	Current input (active/passive)
WP:		Write-protect bridge

#### Modbus



I/O1:	lin	Current input (passive)
I/O2:	P/Sout1	Pulse or status output (passive)
I/O3-I/O4	I: Modbus	RS485 input/output
WP:		Write-protect bridge



#### 7.1.1 Output signals

#### Galvanic isolation

Active current output *lout* 

All circuits for inputs, outputs and power supply are galvanically isolated from each other.

One or two current outputs are available depending on model code position 13.

Depending on the measured value, the active current output delivers 4 - 20 mA.

It may be used for output of the following measured values:

- Flow rate (mass, volume, net partial component flow of a mixture)
- Density
- Temperature
- Pressure
- Concentration

For HART communication devices, it is supplied on the current output *lout1*. The current output may be operated in compliance with the NAMUR NE43 standard.

	Value
Nominal output current	4 – 20 mA
Maximum output current range	2.4 – 21.6 mA
Load resistance	≤ 750 Ω
Load resistance for secure HART communication	230 – 600 Ω
Additive maximum deviation	8 μΑ
Additive output deviation for deviation from 20 °C ambient temperature	0.8 μΑ/ °C

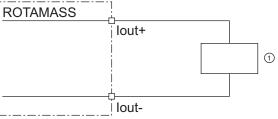


Fig. 26: Active current output connection lout HART

① Receiver



## Passive current output *lout*

	Value
Nominal output current	4 – 20 mA
Maximum output current range	2.4 – 21.6 mA
External power supply	$10.5 - 32 V_{DC}$
Load resistance for secure HART communication	230 – 600 Ω
Load resistance at current output	≤ 911 Ω
Additive maximum deviation	8 μΑ
Additive output deviation for deviation from 20 °C ambient temperature	0.8 μΑ/ °C

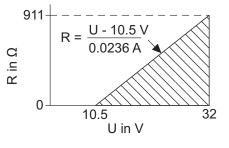


Fig. 27: Maximum load resistance as a function of an external power supply voltage

- R Load resistance
- U External power supply voltage

The diagram shows the maximum load resistance R as a function of voltage U of the connected voltage source. Higher load resistances are allowed with higher power supply values. The usable zone for passive power output operation is indicated by the hatched area.

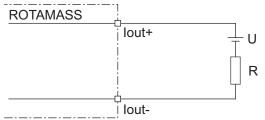


Fig. 28: Passive current output connection lout



### Active pulse

#### Connection of an electronic counter

output *P/Sout* 

Maximum voltage and correct polarity must be observed for wiring.

	Value
Load resistance	> 1 kΩ
Internal power supply	24 V <sub>DC</sub> ±20 %
Maximum pulse rate	10000 pulses/s
Frequency range	0 – 12.5 kHz

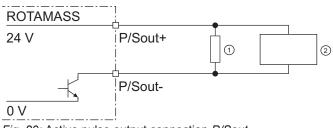


Fig. 29: Active pulse output connection P/Sout

- ① Load resistance
- ② Electronic counter

#### Connection of an electromechanical counter

	Value
Maximum current	150 mA
Average current	≤ 30 mA
Internal power supply	24 V <sub>DC</sub> ±20 %
Maximum pulse rate	2 pulses/s
Pulse width	20, 33, 50, 100 ms

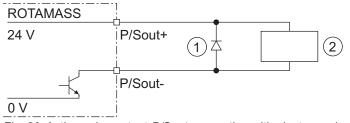


Fig. 30: Active pulse output P/Sout connection with electromechanical counter

- ① Protective diode
- ② Electromechanical counter



#### Giga Transmitter specification

Active pulse Value output P/Sout Internal power supply  $24 V_{DC} \pm 20 \%$ with internal Internal pull-up resistor 2.2 kΩ pull-up resistor Maximum pulse rate 10000 pulses/s 0 – 12.5 kHz Frequency range

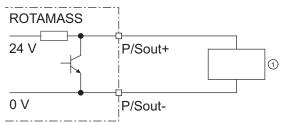


Fig. 31: Active pulse output P/Sout with internal pull-up resistor

1 Electronic counter

**Passive pulse** 

Maximum voltage and correct polarity must be observed for wiring.

output	P/Sout
output	P/Sout

	Value	
Maximum load current	≤ 200 mA	
Power supply	$\leq$ 30 V <sub>DC</sub>	
Maximum pulse rate	10000 pulses/s	
Frequency range	0 – 12.5 kHz	



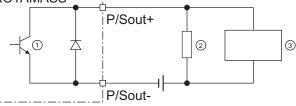


Fig. 32: Passive pulse output connection P/Sout with electronic counter

- 1 Passive pulse or status output
- 2 Load resistance
- 3 Electronic counter

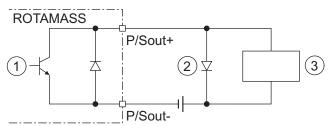


Fig. 33: Passive pulse output P/Sout connection with electromechanical counter

- 1 Passive pulse or status output
- 2 Protective diode
- 3 Electromechanical counter



### Active status output *P*/Sout

Since this is a transistor contact, maximum allowed current as well as polarity and level of output voltage must be observed during wiring.

	Value	
Load resistance	> 1 kΩ	
Internal power supply	24 V <sub>DC</sub> ±20 %	
ROTAMASS		

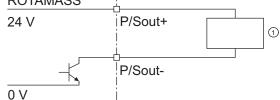


Fig. 34: Active status output connection P/Sout

#### ① External device with load resistance

ValueInternal pull-up resistor2.2 kΩInternal power supply24 V<sub>DC</sub> ±20 %

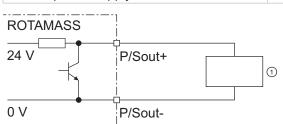


Fig. 35: Active status output P/Sout with internal pull-up resistor

① External device

Active status

output P/Sout

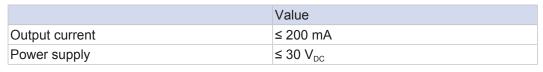
pull-up resistor

with internal

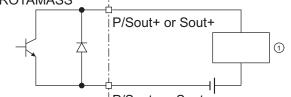


### **Giga** Transmitter specification

# Passive status output *P/Sout* or *Sout*



ROTAMASS



P/Sout- or Sout-

Fig. 36: Passive status output connection P/Sout or Sout

#### ① External device

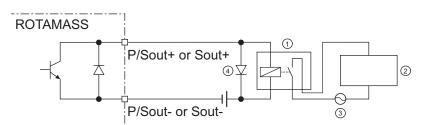


Fig. 37: Passive status output connection P/Sout or Sout for solenoid valve circuit

- 1 Relay
- ② Solenoid valve
- ③ Magnetic valve power supply
- ④ Protective diode

A relay must be connected in series to switch alternating voltage.

Passive pulse or status output *P/Sout* (NAMUR)

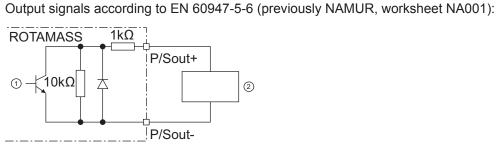


Fig. 38: Passive pulse or status output with switching amplifier connected in series

- ① Passive pulse or status output
- ② Switching amplifier



#### 7.1.2 Input signals

Active current	
input <i>lin</i>	

An individual analog power input is available for external analog devices.

The active current input *lin* is provided for connecting a two-wire transmitter with an output signal of 4 - 20 mA.

	Value
Nominal input current	4 – 20 mA
Maximum input current range	2.4 – 21.6 mA
Internal power supply	24 V <sub>DC</sub> ±20 %
Internal load resistance Rotamass	≤ 160 Ω

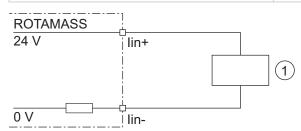


Fig. 39: Connection of external device with passive current output

① External passive current output device

Passive current input *lin* 

The passive current input *lin* is provided for connecting a four-wire transmitter with an output signal of 4 - 20 mA.

	Value
Nominal input current	4 – 20 mA
Maximum input current range	2.4 – 21.6 mA
Maximum input voltage	≤ 32 V <sub>DC</sub>
Internal load resistance Rotamass	≤ 160 Ω

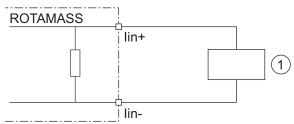


Fig. 40: Connection of external device with active current output

① External active current output device



### Giga

Transmitter specification

#### Status input Sin

(i)

Do not connect a signal source with electric voltage.

The status input is provided for use of voltage-free contacts with the following specification:

Switching status	Resistance
Closed	< 200 Ω
Open	> 100 kΩ

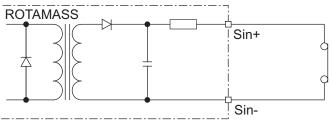


Fig. 41: Status input connection

#### 7.2 Power supply

**Power supply** 

Alternating voltage (rms):

- Power supply<sup>1</sup>): 24  $V_{AC}$  +20 % -15 % or 100 240  $V_{AC}$  +10 % -20 %
- Power frequency: 47 63 Hz

Direct-current voltage:

- Power supply<sup>1</sup>: 24 V<sub>DC</sub> +20 % -15 % or 100 120 V<sub>DC</sub> +8,3 % -10 %
- $^{1)}$  for option MC  $_{\rm }$  (DNV GL approval) supply voltage is limited to 24 V

**Power consumption**  $P \le 10 \text{ W}$  (including sensor)

**Power supply failure** In the event of a power failure, the flow meter data are backed up on a non-volatile internal memory. In case of devices with display, the characteristic sensor values, such as nominal diameter, serial number, calibration constants, zero point, etc. and the error history are also stored on a microSD card.

#### 7.3 Cable specification

With the remote type, the original connecting cable from Rota Yokogawa must be used to connect the sensor with the transmitter. The connecting cable included in the delivery may be shortened. An assembly set along with the appropriate instructions are enclosed for this purpose.

The connecting cable can be ordered as option in various lengths as a standard type (device options L\_\_\_) or as marine approved fire retardant cable (device options Y\_\_\_), see chapters *Connecting cable type and length* [> 93] and *Marine Approval* [> 100] for details.

(i) The maximum cable length to keep the specification is 30 m (98.4 ft). Longer cables must be ordered as a separate item, refer to *Connecting cable type and length* [▶ 93].



### 8 Advanced functions and Features on Demand (FOD)

Rotamass Total Insight includes many dedicated application and maintenance functions that can be ordered simultaneously with the device or can be purchased and activated in a second time (only with the Ultimate transmitter).

Advanced
functions

	Trans	mitter	Communication type and I/O			
Functional scope	Essential	Ultimate	Available type		Mandatory I/O	
	Contraction of the second seco		HART	Modbus		
Model code (pos. 1 and 13)	E	U	J_	M_		
Standard concentration measurement	-	•	•	•		
Advanced concentration measurement	-	•	•	•	Not needed	
Net Oil Computing following API standard	-	•	•	•		
Tube health check	•	•	٠	•		
Batching function	_	•	•	_	1 status output for one-stage batching 2 status outputs for two-stage batching	
Viscosity function	-	•	•	_	1 analog input	
Measurement of heat quan- tity	-	٠	•	•	1 analog input	

meaning of "-": not available; meaning of "•": available



#### 8.1 Concentration and petroleum measurement

The standard concentration measurement (option CST) can be used for concentration measurements of emulsions or suspensions when density of the fluid involved depends only on temperature.

The standard concentration measurement can also be used for many low-concentration solutions if there is only minor interaction between the liquids or if the miscibility is negligible. For questions regarding a specific application, contact the responsible Yokogawa sales organization. The appropriate density coefficients must be determined prior to using this option and input into the transmitter. To do so, the recommendation is to determine the necessary parameters from density data using DTM in the Yokogawa FieldMate program or the calculation tool included in the delivery.

"NOC" is an abbreviation for the "Net Oil Computing" function that provides real-time measurements of water cut and includes "API" (American Petroleum Institute) correction according to API MPMS Chapter 11.1.

Oil sometimes contains entrained gas. Rotamass Total Insight measures the density of the emulsion oil and gas that result to be lower than the oil density. If the measured density is used to calculate volume flow of oil, the result would not be correct. Therefore NOC function (option C52) includes also a Gas Void Fraction function (GVF). GVF may reduce the error in oil volume flow calculation at a minimum recognizing the occurrence of gas in the oil and using the oil density to calculate the volume flow.

Oil properties can be selected using Oil type's pre-settings or using "Alpha 60".

Oil and water types predefined in the fur	nctions
Oil types	Water types
<ul> <li>Crude</li> <li>Refined Products: Fuel, Jet Fuel, Transition, Gasoline</li> <li>Lubricating</li> <li>Custom Oil</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Standard Mean Ocean Water</li> <li>UNESCO 1980</li> <li>Fresh water density by API MPMS 11.4</li> <li>Produced water density by API MPMS 20.1 Appendix A.1</li> <li>Brine water density by EI-Dessouky, Ettouy (2002)</li> <li>Custom</li> </ul>

In addition to water cut, the function can calculate: Net oil mass flow, net water mass flow, net oil volume flow, net water volume flow and net corrected oil volume flow.

The advanced concentration measurement (option AC\_) is recommended for more complex applications, such as for liquids that interact.

Following is a table that lists possible pre-configured concentrations. The desired data sets must be requested by the customer to the Yokogawa sales organization at the time the order is placed. The customer is responsible to ensure chemical compatibility of the material of the wetted parts with the measured chemicals. For strong acids or oxidizers which attack steel pipes a variant with wetted parts made of Ni alloy C-22/2.4602 is necessary.



Standard

Petroleum measurement

function NOC

(option C52)

concentration

measurement



	1					
Set	Fluid A / B	Concentra- tion range	Unit	Tempera- ture range in °C	Density range in kg/l	Data source for density data
C01	Sugar / Water	0 – 85	°Bx	0 – 80	0.97 – 1.45	PTB Messages 100 5/90: "The density of watery sucrose solutions after the introduction of the international temperature scale of 1990 (ITS1990)" Table 5
C02 <sup>1)</sup>	NaOH / Water	0 – 54	WT%	0 – 100	0.95 – 1.58	D´Ans-Lax, Handbook for chemists and physicists Vol.1, 3rd edition, 1967
C03	KOH / Water	1 – 55	WT%	54 – 100	1.01 – 1.58	D´Ans-Lax, Handbook for chemists and physicists Vol.1, 3rd edition, 1967
C04	NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> / Water	1 – 50	WT%	0 - 80	0.97 – 1.24	Table of density data on request
C05	NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> / Water	20 – 70	WT%	20 – 100	1.04 – 1.33	Table of density data on request
C06 <sup>1)</sup>	HCI / Water	22 – 34	WT%	20 – 60	1.08 – 1.17	D´Ans-Lax, Handbook for chemists and physicists Vol.1, 3rd edition, 1967
C07	HNO <sub>3</sub> / Water	50 – 67	WT%	10 – 60	1.26 – 1.40	Table of density data on request
C09 <sup>1)</sup>	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> / Water	30 – 75	WT%	4.5 - 43.5	1.00 – 1.20	Table of density data on request
C10 <sup>1)</sup>	Ethylene glycol / Water	10 – 50	WT%	-20 - 40	1.005 – 1.085	Table of density data on request
C11	Starch / Water	33 – 42.5	WT%	35 – 45	1.14 – 1.20	Table of density data on request
C12	Methanol / Water	35 – 60	WT%	0 - 40	0.89 – 0.96	Table of density data on request
C20	Alcohol / Water	55 – 100	VOL%	10 – 40	0.76 – 0.94	Table of density data on request
C21	Sugar / Water	40 - 80	°Bx	75 – 100	1.15 – 1.35	Table of density data on request
C30	Alcohol / Water	66 – 100	WT%	15 – 40	0.77 – 0.88	Standard Copersucar 1967
C37	Alcohol / Water	66 – 100	WT%	10 – 40	0.772 – 0.885	Brazilian Standard ABNT

<sup>1)</sup> We recommend using devices with wetted parts made of nickel alloy C22. Contact the Yokogawa sales organization about availability.

Maximum 4 C\_\_ option sets can be ordered for one device simultaneously.

For details about the ordering information, see *Concentration and petroleum measurement* [> 94].



1

Storage tank

#### 8.2 Batching function

Batching and filling processes are typical applications in different industries as food and beverage, cosmetic, pharmaceutical, chemical and oil & gas.

Rotamass Total Insight offers an integrated "Batching function" to automatize the task. A "self-learning" algorithm optimizes the process and allows high accurate results.

- The function supports two filling modes:
  - one-stage mode with single valve
  - two-stage mode to control two valves for accurate filling

Without using an external flow computer, data related to the process can be transmitted via communication protocol. The error management function allows the user to set alarms and warnings accordingly the application needs.

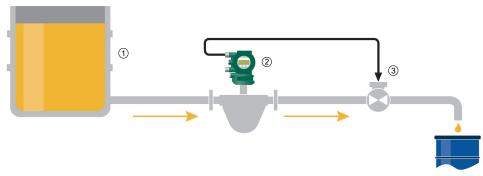


Fig. 42: One-stage mode (The above diagram illustrates the fundamental functionality for one of several combination possibilities)

3

Valve

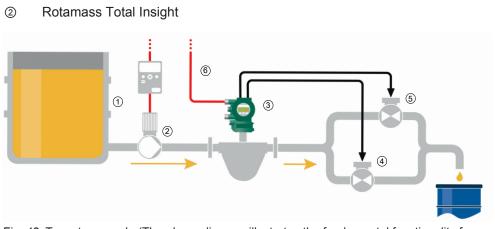


Fig. 43: Two-stage mode (The above diagram illustrates the fundamental functionality for one of several combination possibilities)

1	Storage tank	4	Valve "A"
2	Pump	(5)	Valve "B"

- Pump
- 3 Rotamass Total Insight HART 6

For details about the ordering information, see Batching function [> 94].



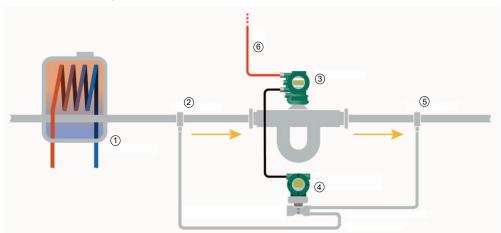
#### 8.3 Viscosity function

Viscosity function allows the user to have an estimation of the viscosity of the fluid.

The function can be used as redundant viscosity control or as reference value to activate other processes like for instance fluid heating systems.

The viscosity estimation is calculated based on a comparison between measured pressure loss  $\Delta p$  and a "calculated"  $\Delta p_{cal}$  between two points of the pipe nearby the flow meter (refer to related instruction manual for the correct installation).

In order to use the function a pressure measurement device (separate order) directly connected to the analog input of the Rotamass Total Insightis necessary. Based on iteration process, Rotamass Total Insight finds the value of viscosity  $\mu$  that returns a  $\Delta p_{cal}$  closed to the measured  $\Delta p$ .



*Fig. 44:* Viscosity function returns a reference value used to activate a heating system (The above diagramm illustrates the fundamental functionality for one of several installation possibilities)

① Heat exchanger

④ Differential pressure transmitter

② Pressure tap 1

- ⑤ Pressure tap 2⑥ HART
- ③ Rotamass Total Insight

For details about the ordering information, see Viscosity function [ 94].



#### 8.4 Tube health check

Tube health check function is a valuable diagnostic function that returns the status of the measuring tubes of the Rotamass Total Insight giving the possibility to set up a real predictive maintenance system or to detect corrosion or clogging of the measuring tubes.

The function is able to measure periodically the change of the stiffness of the measuring tubes. Storage of the values in the internal microSD card is available for HART communication type.

Measurement values can be also transmitted via HART or Modbus protocol and therefore integrated in the customers condition monitoring system.

An alarm or an external event can be activated directly from Rotamass Total Insight in case the measured value exceeds a threshold defined by the user.

Thanks to the PC based software FieldMate, the single measurements can be plotted in a diagram and printed in a report for quality and maintenance documentation.

For details about the ordering information, see *Tube health check* [> 99].

#### 8.5 Measurement of heat quantity

The function allows to evaluate the total fuel calorific value of the measured fluid. The function can work with a constant value of the calorific value of the fluid, but in order to have a precise evaluation we suggest to use an additional device like a gas chromatograph (not included in the supply). The external device that supplies the instantaneous calorific value is connected with the current input of the transmitter (model code position 13: from JH to JN). Based on the mass flow, the total calorific energy of the fluid is calculated as below:

Formula for total calorific energy

 $\Sigma E_{cal} = \Sigma (Q_m \times H_i \times \Delta t)$ 

- E<sub>cal</sub> Calorific energy
- Q<sub>m</sub> Mass flow rate
- H<sub>i</sub> Calorific value variable
- Δt Time interval between two measurements

Other formula based on volume and corrected volume are included in the function and can be set using the display or the configuration PC software FieldMate.

For details about the ordering information, see *Measurement of heat quantity* [> 99].



#### 8.6 Features on Demand (FOD)

In combination with the "Ultimate" transmitter, the functions can be purchased and activated later as "Features on Demand".

After the order, the user receives a KeyCode for input in the transmitter. To activate the desired functions, refer to related software instruction manual (IM01U10S0\_-00\_\_-R).

The options of FOD functions for Rotamass Total Insight are shown below.

To order these functions refer to the related general specifications for FOD functions (GS01U10B20-00\_\_-R).

Option category	Options	Description	Valid from main SV rev. <sup>1)</sup>	
			Modbus	HART
	CST	Standard concentration measurement		
Concentration and petroleum	AC0	Advanced concentration measurement, customer settings	R1.01.02 R1.01.01	
measurement	C52	Net Oil Computing (NOC) following API standard		
Batching function	вт	Batching and filling function	R3.01.01	
Viscosity function	VM	Viscosity computing function for liquids		
Measurement of heat quantity	CGC	Measurement of the total transported energy content of a fuel in connection with a sensor for determining the fuel's calorific value (e.g. a gas chromato- graph, not included in scope of delivery).	R1.01.01	R1.01.02
Tube health check	тс	Tube health check	R1.01.01	R1.01.02 <sup>2)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Main software revision is given by the transmitter for which the FODs are intended for. For details refer to software instruction manual (IM01U10S0\_-00\_\_-R).

<sup>2)</sup> From software rev. R3.01.01 tube health check includes trend line report (by FieldMate) and the possibility to store the data on microSD card.

Please be sure that your device is compatible with the selected function and in case of doubts please contact Yokogawa Service Department providing the serial number or the model code of the device where you want activate the function.



CE marking	The Rotamass Total Insight meets the statutory requirements of the applicable EU Direc- tives. By attaching the CE mark, Rota Yokogawa confirms conformity of the field instru- ment with the requirements of the applicable EU Directives. The EU Declaration of Con- formity is enclosed with the product on a data carrier.
RCM	Rotamass Total Insight meets the EMC requirements of the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA).
Ex approvals	All data relevant for explosion protection are included in separate Explosion Proof Type Manuals.
NACE	Chemical composition of wetted materials 316L/316/1.4404/1.4401/1.4435 and Ni-Alloy C-22/2.4602 are conform to:
	ANSI / NACE-MR0175 / ISO15156-2
	ANSI / NACE-MR0175 / ISO15156-3
	NACE MR0103
	For details please see Rota Yokogawa declaration about NACE conformity 8660001.
Pressure equipment approvals	The Rotamass Total Insight is in compliance with the statutory requirements of the appli- cable EU Pressure Equipment Directive (PED).
	The customer is fully responsible of selecting proper materials which withstand corrosive or erosive conditions. In case of heavy corrosion and/or erosion the instrument may not withstand the pressure and an incident may happen with human and/or environmental harm. Yokogawa will not take any liability regarding damage caused by corrosion or erosion. If corrosion or erosion may happen, the user has to check periodically if the necessary wall thickness is still in place.
Functional safety	The Rotamass Total Insight with HART communication type complies with the relevant safety management requirements of IEC 61508:2010 SIL3. The Rotamass Total Insight product families can be used to implement a SIL 2 safety function (with HFT = 0) or a SIL 3 safety function (with HFT = 1) with all its 4 – 20 mA outputs. The available number of outputs depends on the model code. For further information please contact Yokogawa sales department or look here http://www.exida.com/SAEL-Safety/yokogawa-electric-corporation-rotamass-ti-series

9 Approvals and declarations of conformity



Туре	Approval or certification
	EU Directive 2014/34/EU
	ATEX approval:
	DEKRA 15ATEX0023 X
	CE 0344 II2G or II2(1)G or II2D or II2(1)D
	Applied standards:
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-0 +A11</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-1</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-7</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-11</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-31</li> </ul>
	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code):
	Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or Ex db e [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb
	Ex db [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T75 °C Db
ATEX	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb based on statutory requirements.
	Remote sensor (depending on the model code): Ex ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ib IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ib IIIC T150 °C Db or Ex ib IIIC T220 °C Db or Ex ib IIIC T350 °C Db
	Integral type (depending on the model code):
	Ex db ib IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb
	Ex ib tb IIIC T150 °C Db or
	Ex ib tb [ia Da] IIIC T150 °C Db
	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb based on statutory requirements.



Туре	Approval or certification
	IECEx approval:
	IECEX DEK 15.0016X
	Applied standards:
	• IEC 60079-0
	<ul> <li>IEC 60079-1</li> </ul>
	• IEC 60079-7
	• IEC 60079-11
	IEC 60079-31  Pamata transmitter (depending on the model code):
	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code): Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb or Ex db e [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb
	Ex db [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T75 °C Db
IECEx	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb based on statutory requirements.
	Remote sensor (depending on the model code):
	Ex ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ib IIB T6T1 Gb
	Ex ib IIIC T150 °C Db or
	Ex ib IIIC T220 °C Db or
	Ex ib IIIC T350 °C Db
	Integral type (depending on the model code): Ex db ib IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ib tb IIIC T150 °C Db or
	Ex ib tb [ia Da] IIIC T150 °C Db
	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb
	based on statutory requirements.



Туре	Approval or certification
	FM approvals:
	<ul> <li>US Cert No. FM16US0095X</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CA Cert No. FM16CA0031X</li> </ul>
	Applied standards:
	<ul> <li>Class 3600</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Class 3610</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Class 3615</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Class 3810</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Class 3616</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>NEMA 250</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ANSI/IEC 60529</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 0-10</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 0.4-04</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 0.5-1982</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 94.1-07</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 94.2-07</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-11</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 25-1966</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 30-M1986</li> </ul>
FM (CA/US)	<ul> <li>CSA-C22.2 No. 60529</li> </ul>
(CA/US)	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code): CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIC; Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIC Entity Temperature class T6
	or CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIC; Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIC Temperature class T6;
	Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIC Entity Temperature class T6 or
	CL I, DIV 1, GP CD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIB; Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP CDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIB Entity Temperature class T6 or
	CL I, DIV 1, GP CD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIB; Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP CDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIB Temperature class T6; Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIB Entity Temperature class T6
	Remote sensor (depending on the model code): IS CL I/II/III, DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I, ZN 0, GP IIC Temperature class T* or
	IS CL I/II/III, DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG; CL I, ZN 0, GP IIB Temperature class T*



Туре	Approval or certification
FM (CA/US)	Integral type (depending on the model code): CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIC Temperature class T*
	or CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIC Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1 GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIC Entity Temperature class T* or
	CL I, DIV 1, GP CD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIB Temperature class T* or
	CL I, DIV 1, GP CD, CL II/III, DIV 1, GP EFG; CL I ZN 1 GP IIB Associated Apparatus CL I/II/III DIV 1 GP ABCDEFG; CL I ZN 0 GP IIC Entity Temperature class T*
	INMETRO approval:
	DEKRA 16.0012X
	Applied standards:
	<ul> <li>ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0</li> <li>ABNT NBR IEC 60079-1</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ABNT NBR IEC 60079-1</li> <li>ABNT NBR IEC 60079-7</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11</li> </ul>
	ABNT NBR IEC 60079-31
INMETRO (BR)	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code): Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or Ex db e [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or Ex db [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb or Ex db e [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb Ex db [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or Ex db e [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T75 °C Db
	Remote sensor (depending on the model code): Ex ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ib IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ib IIIC T150 °C Db or Ex ib IIIC T220 °C Db or Ex ib IIIC T350 °C Db
	Integral type (depending on the model code): Ex db ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ib to [ia IIC T150 °C Db or Ex ib to [ia Da] IIIC T150 °C Db



Туре	Approval or certification
	Applied standards:
	• GB3836.1
	• GB3836.2
	• GB3836.3
	• GB3836.4
	• GB3836.19
	GB3836.20
	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code): Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb Ex db [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db e [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex [iaD 20] tD A21 IP6X T75°C
NEPSI	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb based on statutory requirements.
(CN)	Remote sensor (depending on the model code): Ex ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ib IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ibD 21 IP6X T150°C or Ex ibD 21 IP6X T220°C or Ex ibD 21 IP6X T350°C
	Integral type (depending on the model code):
	Ex db ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db e ib IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib IIB T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db e ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb Ex ibD 21 tD A21 IP6X T150°C or
	Ex [iaD 20] ibD 21 tD A21 IP6X T150 C 01 Ex [iaD 20] ibD 21 tD A21 IP6X T150°C
	Note: The marking on the product may be changed from Ex e to Ex eb based on statutory requirements.

Туре	Approval or certification
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	PESO approval: PESO approval is based on ATEX certification by DEKRA
	Certificate Number:
	DEKRA 15ATEX0023 X
	PESO approval is only valid for type of protection "d" flameproof enclosure. Option Q11 must be ordered for conformity of device with PESO require- ments.
	PESO Equip. Ref. No. P4:
	P400958/_
	P400964/_
	P400966/_
	P400967/_
	P400969/_
	P400970/_
	P400971/_
PESO	P400972/_
(IN)	P400973/_
	Applied standards:
	<ul> <li>EN 60079-0 +A11</li> </ul>
	• IS/IEC 60079-1
	EN 60079-11  Persets then endings on the model and a)
	Remote transmitter (depending on the model code): Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb or
	Ex db [ia Ga] IIB T6 Gb or
	Ex db [ia Ga] [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6 Gb
	Remote sensor (depending on the model code): Ex ib IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex ib IIB T6T1 Gb
	Integral type (depending on the model code):
	Ex db ib IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex db ib IIB T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb or
	Ex db ib [ia IIC Ga] IIB T6T1 Gb

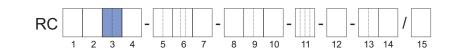


Туре	Approval or certification
Safety Label (TW)	Please refer to IECEx approval for specifications. A device with IECEx approval (model code position 11, value: SF2_) must be ordered to comply with Safety Label requirements. For export to Taiwan and to get the Safety Label the Yokogawa representative in Taiwan must be contacted in advance.
Ingress pro- tection	IP66/67 and NEMA 4X
	EU directive 2014/30/EU per EN 61326-1 Class A Table 2 and EN 61326-2-3
	NAMUR NE21
EMC	RCM in Australia/New Zealand
	KC mark in Korea
	TR CU 020 in EAC area
Korea Ex EAC Ex	For further information please contact your Yokogawa representative
LVD	EU directive 2014/35/EU per EN 61010-1 and EN 61010-2-030
LVD	TR CU 004 in EAC area
PED	EU directive 2014/68/EU per AD 2000 Code
FED	TR CU 032 in EAC area
Marine	DNV GL Type approval according to DNVGL-CP-0338 for options MC2 and MC3
RoHS	EU directive 2011/65/EU per EN 50581
	EU directive 2012/19/EU (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) is only valid in the European Economic Area.
WEEE	This instrument is intended to be sold and used only as a part of equipment which is excluded from the WEEE directive, such as large-scale stationary industrial tools, a large-scale fixed installation etc., and therefore it is in principle fully compliant with WEEE directive. The instrument should be dis- posed of in accordance with appplicable national legislations or regulations, respectively.
SIL	Exida Certifcate per IEC61508:2010 Parts 1-7 SIL 2 @ HFT=0; SIL 3 @ HFT =1
NAMUR	NAMUR NE95 compliant
Metrological Regulations	<ul> <li>Rotamass Total Insight is registered as a measuring instrument in the following countries:</li> <li>China</li> <li>Russia</li> <li>Please contact your Yokogawa representative regarding respective "Pattern Approval Certificate of Measuring Instruments" and export to these countries.</li> </ul>
ASME	ASME B31.3 compliance



# **10 Ordering information**

# 10.1 Overview model code Giga 1F



Model code	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	Description	Restriction		
	E					Essential (base function)										not with accuracy C5, 50 not with communication type and I/O JH, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN, M2, M7 not with option CST, AC_, CGC, C52, BT, VM		
	U														Ultimate (high function)	not with accuracy 70 not with display 0		
Sensor		G													Giga	-		
Meter size			1F												Nominal mass flow : 250 t/h (9200 lb/min) Maximum mass flow: 300 t/h (11000 lb/min)	-		
				S											Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	-		
Material wetted	par	ts		н											Ni alloy C-22/2.4602	not with option RT, RTA, MC_, FE, P2_		
					1H										DN100, 4"	only material wetted parts S		
Process connec	ctior	ı size			1Q										DN125, 5"	-		
					1F										DN150, 6"	only process connection type ASME, EN		
						BA	1								ASME flange class 150, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	_		
						BA	2								ASME flange class 300, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	see tables on page [> 40]		
						BA	.4								ASME flange class 600, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	and the following page		
						CA	4								ASME flange class 600, suitable for ASME B16.5, ring joint (RJ)			
						ВD	2								EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)			
						ED	2								EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot			
						FD	2								EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess			
						GD	02								EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove			
						BD	4								EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)			
Process connec	tior	n type				ED									EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot	_		
		, po				FD									EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess	not with option WPA, RTA,		
						GD	)4								EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove	PTA, P2_		
						BD	5								EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)	see tables on page [> 42] and the following pages		
						ED									EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot	_		
						FD									EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess	_		
						GD	)5								EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove	_		
						BD	6								EN flange PN 100, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)	_		
						ED	6								EN flange PN 100, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot	_		
						FD	-								EN flange PN 100, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess	_		
						GD	06								EN flange PN 100, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove			
						BJ									JIS flange 10K, suitable for JIS B 2220	not with option WPA, RTA, PTA, P2_		
						BJ									JIS flange 20K, suitable for JIS B 2220	see tables on page [ 46]		
Sensor housing	ma	terial					0								Stainless steel 1.4301/304, 1.4404/316L	-		
							1	1							Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	not with option SA		
					0							Standard, integral type: -50 – 150 °C (-58 – 302 °F), remote type: -70 – 150 °C (-94 – 302 °F)	-					
Process fluid temperature range				2							Mid-range: -70 – 230 °C (-94 – 446 °F)	not with design and housing 0, 2, A, E, J						
								3							High: 0 – 350 °C (32 – 662 °F)	not with option RB, MC_		



Model code 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9 position	Э.	10. <sup>-</sup>	1. 12	. 13	3.	14.	Description	Restriction		
E	E7						Liquid: 0.2 % maximum mass flow deviation D <sub>flat</sub> , 4 g/l den- sity deviation	-		
C	25						Liquid: 0.1 % maximum mass flow deviation D <sub>flat</sub> , 2 g/l den- sity deviation	not with transmitter E		
Mass flow and density accuracy 7	70						Gas: 0.75% maximum mass flow deviation $D_{flat},$	not with transmitter U not with option CST, AC_, C52, VM		
5	50						Gas: 0.5% maximum mass flow deviation $D_{flat},$	not with transmitter E not with option CST, AC_, C52, VM		
		0					Integral type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating" coated aluminum transmitter housing	not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3		
	:	2					Integral type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu- minum transmitter housing	not with option T, L, MC_, Y		
		A					Remote type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating" coated aluminum transmitter housing and standard neck sensor	not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3		
							Remote type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating"	not with option RB, T		
		В					coated aluminum transmitter housing and long neck sensor	not with option RB		
		E					Remote type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu- minum transmitter housing and standard neck sensor	not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3 not with option RB, T		
Design and housing		F					Remote type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu-	not with option RB		
							minum transmitter housing and long neck sensor	not with process fluid temper-		
		J					Remote type stainless steel transmitter and standard neck sensor	ature range 2, 3 not with Ex approval KF21, SF21, GF21, UF21, NF21, PF21		
		к					Remote type stainless steel transmitter and long neck sen-	not with option RB, T not with Ex approval KF21, SF21, GF21, UF21, NF21,		
		ĸ					sor	PF21 not with option RB		
		r	1N00				None	not with communication type and I/O JP, JQ, JR, JS		
		-						not with option Q11		
		ł	(F21				ATEX, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K		
		ł	(F22				ATEX, explosion group IIB and IIIC	-		
		SF21		SF21					IECEx, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K not with option Q11
		\$	SF22				IECEx, explosion group IIB and IIIC	not with option Q11		
		(	GF21				EAC Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K only with option VE or VR		
								not with option Q11		
		(	GF22				EAC Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC	only with option VE or VR		
		_	F11				FM, groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G	not with option Q11 not with cable entries 4		
Ex approval		-	F12				FM, groups C, D, E, F, G	not with option Y, Q11		
		ι	JF21				INMETRO, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K		
		ī	JF22				INMETRO, explosion group IIB and IIIC	not with option Q11 not with option Q11		
								not with design and housing J, K		
		I	VF21				NEPSI, explosion group IIC and IIIC	only with option CN not with option Q11		
		r	IF22				NEPSI, explosion group IIB and IIIC	only with option CN not with option Q11		
		i	PF21				Korea Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K only with option KC		
		-						not with option Q11 only with option KC		
		I	PF22				Korea Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC	not with option Q11		
Cable entries			2				ANSI ½" NPT	- not with Ex approval FF11 or		
			4				ISO M20x1.5	FF12		



Model code position	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	Description	Restriction
													JA		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output	
													JB		2 active current outputs one with HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	
													JC		2 active current outputs one with HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input	
													JD		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 passive status output	
													JE		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 voltage-free status input	not with option CGC, VM
													JF		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output with pull-up resistor, 1 voltage-free status input	
													JG		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input	
Communicatio	on typ	e and	1 I/O										JH		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current output, 1 active current input	
													JJ		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 active current input	
													JK		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input, 1 active current input	not with transmitter E
													JL		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current output, 1 passive current input	not with transmitter E
													JM		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 passive current input	
													JN		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input, 1 passive current input	
													JP		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 1 passive pulse or status output	
													JQ		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	not with Ex approval NN00
													JR		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 1 passive NAMUR pulse or status output	not with option CGC, MC2, MC3, VM
													JS		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 2 passive NAMUR pulse or status outputs	
													MO		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output	not with option CGC, PS, BT, VM
													M2		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active current input	not with transmitter E, not with option PS, BT, VM
Communicatio	on typ	e and	1 I/O										М3		Modbus output, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	
													M4		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output	not with online OOO DO
													M5		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output with pull-up resistor	not with option CGC , PS, BT, VM
													M6		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active current output	
													M7		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current input	not with transmitter E, not with option PS, BT, VM
														0	No display	not with transmitter U



# 10.2 Overview model code Giga 2H

RC 1								3	4	] <b>-</b> [	5 6	7	-	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15				
Model code position	1. 2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	Description	Restriction			
															not with accuracy C5, 50			
	E													Essential (base function)	not with communication type and I/O JH, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN, M2, M7			
Transmitter															not with option CST, AC_, CGC, C52, BT, VM			
	U													Ultimate (high function)	not with accuracy 70 not with display 0			
Sensor	G													Giga	-			
Meter size		21	1											Nominal mass flow : 500 t/h (18000 lb/min) Maximum mass flow: 600 t/h (22000 lb/min)	not with option T, P15, MC_			
Material wetter	d parts		S											Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	-			
Process conne	ction size	e		1F										DN150, 6"	_			
		-		2H										DN200, 8"				
					BA	.1								ASME flange class 150, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	-			
					BA	2								ASME flange class 300, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	see tables on page [ 40]			
					BA	4								ASME flange class 600, suitable for ASME B16.5, raised face (RF)	and following page			
					CA	4								ASME flange class 600, suitable for ASME B16.5, ring joint (RJ)				
					BD									EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)	_			
					ED									EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot	not with option WPA, RTA, PTA, P2_			
Process conne	ction type	е			FD.									EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess				
					GD	)2								EN flange PN 16, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove				
					BD									EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)				
					ED FD									EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess	see tables on pages [> 42]			
					GD									EN flange PN 40, suitable for EN 1092-1 type P, recess	and following pages			
					BD									EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type B1, raised face (RF)	-			
					ED	)5								EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type E, spigot	-			
					FD									EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type F, recess	-			
					GD	)5								EN flange PN 63, suitable for EN 1092-1 type D, groove				
Sensor housing	a materia					0								Stainless steel 1.4301/304, 1.4404/316L	-			
	g materia					1								Stainless steel 1.4404/316L	not with option SA			
							0							Standard, integral type: -50 – 150 °C (-58 – 302 °F), remote type: -70 – 150 °C (-94 – 302 °F)	-			
Process fluid te	emperatu	re ra	ange				2							Mid-range: -70 – 230 °C (-94 – 446 °F)	not with design and housing 0, 2, A, E, J			
							3							High: 0 – 350 °C (32 – 662 °F)	not with option RB			
							E7						Liquid: 0.2 % maximum mass flow deviation $D_{flat}$ 4 g/l density deviation	-				
				C5						Liquid: 0.1 % maximum mass flow deviation $D_{flat}$ 2 g/l density deviation	not with transmitter E							
Mass flow and density accuracy				70						Gas: 0.75% maximum mass flow deviation $D_{flatt}$	not with transmitter U not with option CST, AC_, C52, VM							
					50						Gas: 0.5% maximum mass flow deviation $D_{\text{flat}},$	not with transmitter E not with option CST, AC_, C52, VM						

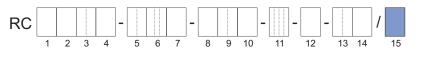


Model code position	1.	2.	3	. 4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	Description	Restriction
										0					Integral type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating" coated aluminum transmitter housing	not with process fluid temper-
										2					Integral type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu- minum transmitter housing	ature range 2, 3
										A					Remote type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating" coated aluminum transmitter housing and standard neck sensor	not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3
										в					Remote type with "urethane-cured polyester powder coating"	not with option RB
															coated aluminum transmitter housing and long neck sensor Remote type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu-	not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3
Design and h	ousi	na								E					minum transmitter housing and standard neck sensor	not with option RB
		.9								F					Remote type with "corrosion protection coating" coated alu- minum transmitter housing and long neck sensor	not with option RB
																not with process fluid temper- ature range 2, 3
										J					Remote type stainless steel transmitter and standard neck sensor	not with Ex approval KF21, SF21, GF21, UF21, NF21, PF21
																not with option RB
										к					Remote type stainless steel transmitter and long neck sensor	not with Ex approval KF21, SF21, GF21, UF21, NF21, PF21
																not with option RB
											NN0	D			None	not with communication type and I/O JP, JQ, JR, JS
																not with option Q11
											KF2 <sup>7</sup>	I			ATEX, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K
											KF22	2			ATEX, explosion group IIB and IIIC	-
											SF21				IECEx, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K
											SF22	2			IECEx, explosion group IIB and IIIC	not with option Q11 not with option Q11
											_					not with design and housing
											GF21				EAC Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC	J, K only with option VE or VR
																not with option Q11
											GF2	2			EAC Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC	only with option VE or VR not with option Q11
											FF11				FM, groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G	not with cable entries 4
Ex approval											FF12	2			FM, groups C, D, E, F, G	not with option Y, Q11
											UF2	1			INMETRO, explosion group IIC and IIIC	not with design and housing J, K
																not with option Q11
											UF2	2			INMETRO, explosion group IIB and IIIC	not with option Q11 not with design and housing J, K
											NF2	1			NEPSI, explosion group IIC and IIIC	only with option CN
																not with option Q11
											NF2	2			NEPSI, explosion group IIB and IIIC	only with option CN
											not with option Q11 not with design and housing					
						PF21					Korea Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC	J, K only with option KC				
																not with option Q11
											PF22	<b>,</b>			Korea Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC	only with option KC
																not with option Q11
Cable entries												2			ANSI ½" NPT	-
												4			ISO M20x1.5	not with Ex approval FF11 or FF12



Model code	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8	. 9.	10	).	11.	12.	13.	14.	Description	Restriction
poolaon														JA		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output	
														JB		2 active current outputs one with HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	
														JC		2 active current outputs one with HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input	
														JD		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 passive status output	
														JE		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 voltage-free status input	not with option CGC, VM
														JF		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output with pull-up resistor, 1 voltage-free status input	
														JG		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input	
Communicatio	on tyj	pe an	d I/O											JH		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current output, 1 active current input	
														JJ		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 active current input	
														JK		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input, 1 active current input	not with transmitter E,
														JL		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current output, 1 passive current input	not with transmitter L,
														JM		1 active current output HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs, 1 passive current input	
														JN		1 active current output HART, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 voltage-free status input, 1 passive current input	
														JP		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 1 passive pulse or status output	
														JQ		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	not with Ex approval NN00
														JR		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 1 passive NAMUR pulse or status output	not with option CGC, VM
														JS		2 passive current outputs one with HART, 2 passive NAMUR pulse or status outputs	
														MO		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output	not with option CGC, PS, BT, VM
														M2		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active current input	not with transmitter E, not with option PS, , BT, VM
Communicatio	on ty	pe an	d I/O											M3		Modbus output, 2 passive pulse or status outputs	
														M4		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output	
														M5		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active pulse or status output with pull-up resistor	not with option CGC , PS, BT, VM
														M6		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 active current output	
														M7		Modbus output, 1 passive pulse or status output, 1 passive current input	not with transmitter E, not with option PS, BT, VM
Display															0	No display With display	not with transmitter U

#### 10.3 Overview options



Option category	Options	Description	Restriction
Additional nameplate information	BG	Nameplate with customer device location identifica- tion	-
Presetting of customer parameters	PS	Presetting according to customer parameters	not with communica- tion type and I/O M_
	PJ	Delivery to Japan	
	CN	Delivery to China	not with option QR
Country-specific	KC	Delivery to Korea	
delivery	VE	Delivery to EAC area	_
	VR	Delivery to EAC area and Russia Pattern Approval marking	_
Country-specific appli-	Q11	PESO approval delivery	only with Ex proof KF2_
cation	QR	Primary calibration valid in Russia, including certifi- cate	only with option VE or VR
	AC0	Advanced concentration measurement, customer set- tings	
	AC1	Advanced concentration measurement, one default data set	_
Concentration and pe-	AC2	Advanced concentration measurement, two default data sets	not with transmitter type E
troleum measurement	AC3	Advanced concentration measurement, three default data sets	not with mass flow and density accuracy 70,
	AC4	Advanced concentration measurement, four default data sets	50
	CST	Standard concentration measurement	
	C52	Net Oil Computing (NOC) following API standard	-
Rupture disc	RD	Rupture disc	not with option T
Mass flow calibration	K2	Customer-specific 5-point mass flow calibration with factory calibration certificate (mass flow or volume flow of water). A table listing the desired calibration points must be supplied with the order.	
	K5	Customer-specific 10-point mass flow calibration with DAkkS calibration certificate (mass flow or volume flow of water). A table listing the desired calibration points must be supplied with the order.	-
Accordance with terms	P2	Declaration of compliance with the order 2.1 according to EN 10204	
of order	P3	Quality Inspection Certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)	not with option P10, P11, P12, P13, P21, P22
Material certificates	P6	Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Cer- tificates (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)	not with option P10, P11, P12, P13, P21, P22
Pressure testing	P8	Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)	not with option P10, P12, P13, P14, P21



Option category	Options	Description	Restriction
Surfaces free of oil and grease	H1	Degreasing of wetted surfaces according to ASTM G93-03 (Level C), including test report	_
		WPS according to DIN EN ISO 15609-1	
	WP	WPQR according to DIN EN ISO 15614-1	not with option P13,
		WQC according to DIN EN 287-1 or DIN EN ISO 6906-4	P14, P15, P2_
Welding certificates	WPA	Welding procedures and Certificate according to ASME IX	only with process connection type BA_ or CA_ not with option P12, P13, P14, P2_
	L2	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a calibration traceable to national standards, including a list of working standards used for calibration. Language: English/Japanese	
Calibration certificate	L3	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a calibration traceable to national standards, including a list of primary standards to which the delivered product is traceable. Language: English/Japanese	
	L4	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a calibration traceable to national standards and that the calibration system of Rota Yokogawa is traceable to national standards. Lan- guage: English/Japanese	
	RT	X-ray inspection of flange weld seam according to DIN EN ISO 17636-1/B	not with material wet- ted parts H
		Evaluation according to AD 2000 HP 5/3 and DIN EN ISO 5817/C, including certificate	not with option P15, P2_
X-ray inspection of flange weld seam			not with material wet- ted parts H
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	RTA	X-ray test according to ASME V	only with process connection type BA_ or CA_
			not with option P12, P13, P14, P2_
	PT	Dye penetration test of process connection weld seams according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1, including certificate	not with option P12, P13, P15, P2_
Dye penetration test of weld seams	ΡΤΑ	Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V	only with process connection type BA_ or CA_
			not with option P12, P13, P14, P2_
Ferrite testing	FE	Ferrite test for flange welding acc. DIN EN ISO 8249	not with material wet- ted parts H
Tananatitan karal			not with design and housing A, B, E, F, J, K
Transmitter housing ro- tated 180°	RB	Alignment of transmitter housing rotated 180°	not with process fluid temperature range 2, 3
			not with option T



Option category	Options	Description	Restriction		
	T10	Insulation			
	T21	Insulation and heat tracing, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " ASME class 150, raised face (RF)			
	T22	Insulation and heat tracing, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " ASME class 300, raised face (RF)	not with design and housing 0, 2, A, E, J		
Insulation and heat tracing	T26	Insulation and heat tracing, DN15, PN40	not with meter size 2H		
liaong	T31	Insulation, heat tracing with ventilation, ½" ASME class 150, raised face (RF)	not with option RD, RB, P15, MC_		
	T32	Insulation, heat tracing with ventilation, ½" ASME class 300, raised face (RF)			
	T36	Insulation, heat tracing with ventilation, DN15, PN40			
Measurement of heat quantity	CGC	Measurement of the total transported energy content of a fuel in connection with a sensor for determining the fuel's calorific value (e.g. a gas chromatograph, not included in scope of delivery)	not with transmitter type E only with communica- tion type and I/O JH, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN, M2, M7		
	L000	without standard connecting cable			
	L005	5 meter (16.4 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue			
Connecting cable type	L010	10 meter (32.8 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue	not with design and housing 0, 2		
and length	L015	15 meter (49.2 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue	not with option MC_		
	L020	20 meter (65.6 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue			
	L030	30 meter (98.4 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue			
	Y000	without fire retardant connecting cable			
	Y005	5 meter (16.4 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable not terminated			
Connecting cable type and length	Y010	10 meter (32.8 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable not terminated	not with design and housing 0, 2		
	Y015	15 meter (49.2 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable not terminated	not with Ex approval FF11, FF12		
	Y020	20 meter (65.6 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable not terminated			
	Y030	30 meter (98.4 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable not terminated			



#### Overview options

Option category	Options	Description	Restriction
	MC2	Marine approval according to DNV GL piping class 2	not with fluid tempera- ture range 3, material wetted parts H, design and housing 0, 2, com- munication type and I/ O JP, JQ, JR, JS, me-
Marine Approval	MC3	Marine approval according to DNV GL piping class 3	ter size Giga 2H not with option T only with option Y in case of thermal oil applications option RT or RTA is mandatory
	P10	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>	not with option P3, P6, P8
	P11	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> </ul>	not with option P3, P6, PM
Combined certificate	P12	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>PT: Dye penetration test according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1</li> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>	not with option P3, P6, P8, P15, PT, WPA, RTA, PTA
	P13	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>PT: Dye penetration test according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1</li> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> <li>WP: Welding certificates</li> </ul>	not with option P3, P6, P8, P15, WP, PM, PT, WPA, RTA, PTA
	P14	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> <li>WP: Welding certificates</li> </ul>	not with option P8, P15, WP, PM, WPA, RTA, PTA



Option category	Options	Description	Restriction
		Combination of:	not with material wet- ted parts H
	P20	<ul> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V</li> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul>	not with option WP, WPA, RT, RTA, PT, PTA only with process connection type BA_ or
Combined certificate	P21	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according ASME V</li> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul>	CA_ not with material wet- ted parts H only with process connection type BA_ or CA_ not with option P3, P6, P8, WP, WPA, RT, RTA, PT, PTA
	P22	<ul> <li>KTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> <li>Combination of: <ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according ASME V</li> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	not with material wet- ted parts H only with process connection type BA_ or CA_ not with option P3, P6, WP, WPA, RT, RTA, PM, PT, PTA
Positive Material Identification of wetted parts	РМ	Positive Material Identification of wetted parts, includ- ing certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)	not with option P11, P13, P14, P22
Tube health check	ТС	Tube health check	-
ASME B31.3 compli- ance	P15	ASME B31.3 compliance NORMAL FLUID SERVICE	not with meter size 2H only with process connection type BA_ CA_ not with option WP, RT, PT, P12, P13, P14, T
Batching function	вт	Batching and filling function	not with transmitter type E only with communica- tion type and I/O J_
Viscosity function	VM	Viscosity computing function for liquids	not with transmitter type E not with mass flow and density accuracy 70, 50 only with communica- tion type and I/O JH, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN

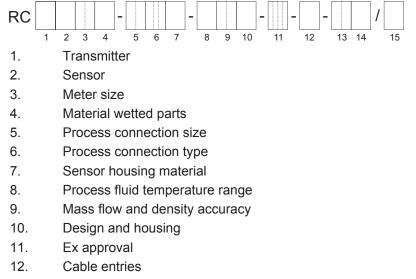


#### 10.4 Model code

The model code of the Rotamass Total Insight is explained below.

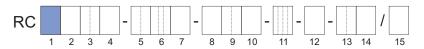
Items 1 through 14 are mandatory entries and must be specified at the time of ordering.

Device options (item 15) can be selected and specified individually by separating them with slashes.



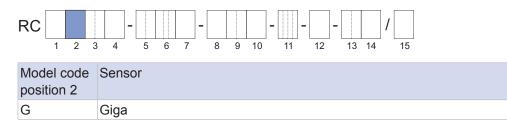
- 13. Communication type and I/O
- 14. Display
- 15. Options

#### 10.4.1 Transmitter



Model code position 1	Transmitter
E	Essential
U	Ultimate

#### 10.4.2 Sensor



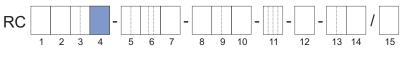


# **Giga** Ordering information

#### 10.4.3 Meter size

RC		11 / /		
Model code position 3	Meter size	Nominal mass flow in t/h (lb/min)	Maximum mass flow in t/h (lb/min)	
1F	1F	250 (9200)	300 (11000)	
2H	2H	500 (18000)	600 (22000)	

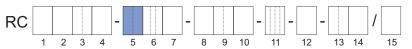
#### 10.4.4 Material wetted parts



Model code position 4	Material wetted parts
S	Stainless steel 1.4404/316L
Н	Ni alloy C-22/2.4602 (only available for Giga 1F)

Non-wetted parts of the process connection are generally made of stainless steel 1.4404/316L.

#### 10.4.5 Process connection size

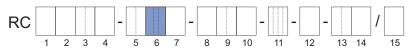


Model code position 5	Process connection size
1H	DN100, 4"
1Q	DN125, 5"
1F	DN150, 6"
2H	DN200, 8"

0

Available sizes depend on the actual process connection, see also chapter *Process connections, dimensions and weights of sensor* [> 39].

#### 10.4.6 Process connection type



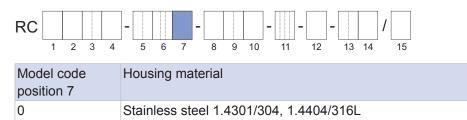
Model code position 6	Туре	Process connections
BA1		ASME flange class 150, raised face (RF)
BA2	Flanges suitable for	ASME flange class 300, raised face (RF)
BA4	ASMĚ B16.5	ASME flange class 600, raised face (RF)
CA4		ASME flange class 600, ring joint (RJ)



Model code position 6	Туре	Process connections
BD2		EN flange PN16, type B1, raised face (RF)
ED2		EN flange PN16, type E, with spigot
FD2		EN flange PN16, type F, with recess
GD2		EN flange PN16, type D, with groove
BD4		EN flange PN40, type B1, raised face (RF)
ED4	Flange suitable for	EN flange PN40, type E, with spigot
FD4		EN flange PN40, type F, with recess
GD4		EN flange PN40, type D, with groove
BD5	EN 1092-1	EN flange PN63, type B1, raised face (RF)
ED5		EN flange PN63, type E, with spigot
FD5		EN flange PN63, type F, with recess
GD5	-	EN flange PN63, type D, with groove
BD6		EN flange PN100, type B1, raised face (RF)
ED6	-	EN flange PN100, type E, with spigot
FD6	-	EN flange PN100, type F, with recess
GD6		EN flange PN100, type D, with groove
BJ1	Flange suitable for	JIS flange 10K
BJ2	JIS B 2220	JIS flange 20K

#### 10.4.7 Sensor housing material

1



### 10.4.8 Process fluid temperature range



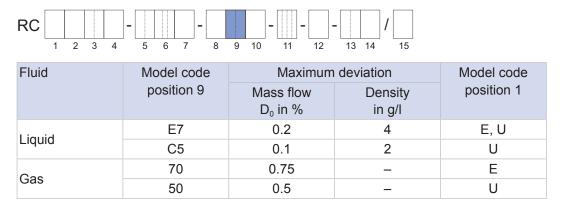
Stainless steel 1.4404/316L

Model code position 8	Temperature range	Process fluid temperature range
0	Standard	Integral type: -50 – 150 °C (-58 – 302 °F) Remote type: -70 – 150 °C (-94 – 302 °F)
2	Mid-range	-70 – 230 °C (-94 – 446 °F)
3	High	0 – 350 °C (32 – 662 °F)

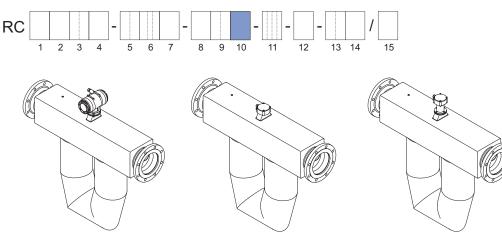
For temperature range limits, see chapter Process fluid temperature range [> 25].



#### 10.4.9 Mass flow and density accuracy



#### 10.4.10 Design and housing



Model code position 10	Design type	Transmitter housing material	Transmitter housing coating	Sensor terminal box material	Long neck	
0			Standard coating			
2	Integral type	Aluminum	Corrosion protection coating	_	-	
A			Standard	Stainless steel	No	
В			coating		Yes	
E		Aluminum	Corrosion		No	
F	Remote type		protection coating		Yes	
J		Stainless	_		No	
К		Steel	—		Yes	

The remote type requires a connecting cable to connect sensor and transmitter. It can be selected in various lengths as a device option, see *Connecting cable type and length* [> 93].

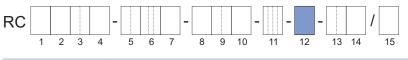


#### 10.4.11 Ex approval

RC					]-			-						-		/		
	1	2	3	4	Ę	56	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14		15	

Model code position 11	Ex approval
NN00	None
KF21	ATEX, explosion group IIC and IIIC
KF22	ATEX, explosion group IIB and IIIC
SF21	IECEx, explosion group IIC and IIIC
SF22	IECEx, explosion group IIB and IIIC
FF11	FM, group A, B, C, D, E, F, G
FF12	FM, group C, D, E, F, G
GF21	EAC Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC
GF22	EAC Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC
UF21	INMETRO, explosion group IIC and IIIC
UF22	INMETRO, explosion group IIB and IIIC
NF21	NEPSI, explosion group IIC and IIIC
NF22	NEPSI, explosion group IIB and IIIC
PF21	Korea Ex, explosion group IIC and IIIC
PF22	Korea Ex, explosion group IIB and IIIC

#### 10.4.12 Cable entries



Model code position 12	Cable entries
2	ANSI 1/2" NPT
4	ISO M20x1.5

10.4.13 Communication type and I/O



HART I/O

Model code	Connection terminal assignment								
position 13	I/O1 +/-	I/O2 +/-	I/O3 +/-	I/O4 +/-	WP				
1.6	lout1	P/Sout1			Write-protect				
JA	Active	Passive	-	-	white-protect				
JB	lout1	P/Sout1	P/Sout2	lout2	Write-protect				
JD	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	white-protect				
JC	lout1	P/Sout1	Sin	lout2	Write-protect				
30	Active	Passive	511	Active	white-protect				
JD	lout1	P/Sout1	Sout	P/Sout2	Write-protect				
30	Active	Passive	Passive	Passive	white-protect				
JE	lout1	P/Sout1	Sin	P/Sout2	Write-protect				
	Active	Passive	SIII	Passive	whie-protect				



		terminal assign			
position 13	I/O1 +/-	I/O2 +/-	I/O3 +/-	I/O4 +/-	WP
				P/Sout2	
JF	lout1	P/Sout1	Sin	Active	Write-prote
	Active	Passive		Internal pull- up resistor	
JG	lout1	P/Sout1	Sin	P/Sout2	Write-prote
10	Active	Passive	311	Active	white-prote
JH	lout1	P/Sout1	lout2	lin	M/site and
JU	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Write-prote
11	lout1	P/Sout1	P/Sout2	lin	Mrita proto
JJ	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Write-prote
	lout1	P/Sout1	Qia	lin	Muite much
JK	Active	Passive	Sin	Active	Write-prote
	lout1	P/Sout1	lout2	lin	\A/nite met-
JL	Active	Passive	Passive	Passive	Write-prote
18.4	lout1	P/Sout1	P/Sout2	lin	Write-prote
JM	Active	Passive	Passive	Passive	
	lout1	P/Sout1	Qia	lin	Muite much
JN	Active	Passive	Sin	Passive	Write-prote
P/Sout2 Pu	Ilse or status Ilse or status				
	atus input				
	atus input atus output				
	atus output	terminal assign	ıment		
Sout Sta	atus output	terminal assign	nment I/O3 +/-	I/O4 +/-	WP
Sout Sta Model code position 13	atus output			I/O4 +/-	
Sout Sta Model code	Connection	I/O2 +/-	I/O3 +/-	I/O4 +/- _	
Sout Sta Model code position 13 JP	Connection I/O1 +/- Iout1	I/O2 +/- P/Sout1	I/O3 +/- Iout2	I/O4 +/- - P/Sout2	Write-prote
Sout Sta Model code position 13	Connection I/O1 +/- Iout1 Passive	I/O2 +/- P/Sout1 Passive	I/O3 +/- Iout2 Passive	_	WP Write-prote
Sout Sta Model code position 13 JP	Connection I/O1 +/- Iout1 Passive Iout1	I/O2 +/- P/Sout1 Passive P/Sout1	I/O3 +/- Iout2 Passive Iout2	– P/Sout2	Write-prote

lout2 Analog current output

P/Sout1 Pulse or status output

P/Sout2 Pulse or status output

Intrinsically safe outputs are only available in combination with selecting Ex approval of the device, see chapter Ex approval [ 89].



HART I/O, intrinsically safe



#### Modbus I/O

Model	Connection terminal assignment						
code position 13	I/O1 +/-	I/O2 +/-	I/O3 +	I/O3 -	I/O4 +	I/O4 -	WP
M0	_	P/Sout1 Passive	-	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M2	lin Active	P/Sout1 Passive	_	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M3	P/Sout2 Passive	P/Sout1 Passive	_	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M4	P/Sout2 Active	P/Sout1 Passive	_	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M5	P/Sout2 Active Internal pull-up resistor	P/Sout1 Passive	_	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M6	lout1 Active	P/Sout1 Passive	-	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect
M7	lin Passive	P/Sout1 Passive	_	Modbus C	Modbus B	Modbus A	Write- protect

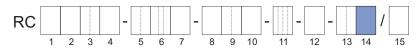
lout Analog current output, no HART

lin Analog current input

P/Sout1 Pulse or status output

P/Sout2 Pulse or status output

#### 10.4.14 Display



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The display unit includes a slot for the microSD card.

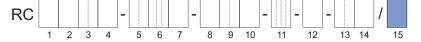
Model code position 14	Display
0	Without display
1	With display

Devices without a display are available for Essential transmitters only (value E in model code position 1).



#### 10.5 Options

Additional device options that can be combined may be selected; they are listed sequentially in model code position 15. In this case, each device option is preceded by a slash.



The following device options are possible:

- Connecting cable length, see chapter Connecting cable type and length [> 93].
- Customer-specific adaptation of the nameplate, see chapter Additional nameplate information [> 93].
- Flow meter presetting with customer parameters, see chapter Presetting of customer parameters [▶ 93].
- Concentration and petroleum measurement, see chapter Concentration and petroleum measurement [> 94].
- Batching function, see chapter Batching function [ 94].
- Viscosity function, see chapter Viscosity function [> 94].
- Insulation and heat tracing, see chapter Insulation and heat tracing [> 95].
- Certificates to be supplied, see chapter Certificates [> 95], e.g.
  - Positive Material Identification of wetted parts, see chapter Certificates [> 95].
  - X-ray inspection of flange weld seam, see chapter Certificates [> 96].
  - Ferrite testing, see chapter Certificates [> 96].
- Country -specific delivery Country-specific delivery [> 98].
- Country -specific application Country-specific application [> 98].
- Rupture disc, see chapter Rupture disc [> 98].
- Tube health check, see chapter Tube health check [> 99].
- Transmitter housing rotated 180°, see chapter *Transmitter housing rotated 180°* [> 99].
- Measurement of heat quantity, see chapter Measurement of heat quantity [▶ 99].
- Marine type approval, see chapter Marine Approval [> 100].



#### 10.5.1 Connecting cable type and length

When ordering the remote type it is mandatory to select one of the below shown connecting cable lengths.

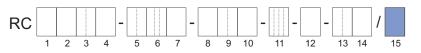
It is possible to order cables with higher length than the maximum cable length and termination kits separately . For this purpose please check the "Customers Maintenance Parts List" (Ref.: CMPL 01U10B00-00EN-R) or consult our Service team.

	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
Options	Specification
L000	without standard connecting cable <sup>1)</sup>
L005	5 meter (16.4 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue
L010	10 meter (32.8 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue
L015	15 meter (49.2 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue
L020	20 meter (65.6 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue
L030	30 meter (98.4 ft) remote connecting cable terminated std. gray / Ex blue
Y000	without fire retardant connecting cable <sup>1)</sup>
Y005	5 meter (16.4 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable, not terminated
Y010	10 meter (32.8 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable, not terminated
Y015	15 meter (49.2 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable, not terminated
Y020	20 meter (65.6 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable, not terminated
Y030	30 meter (98.4 ft) remote fire retardant connecting cable, not terminated

<sup>1)</sup> Even without cables, it is necessary to select this option, because the device name plate shows the allowed ambient temperature depending on the selected cable type (see chapter  $[\mathbb{P} 31]$ ).

Fire retardant cable is mandatory for DNV GL type approval (Options MC2 and MC3). The minimum permissible ambient temperature for the two cable types differs (see chapter *Allowed ambient temperature for sensor* [> 31]). The cable type intended to be used needs to be indicated (with option L000 or Y000) even if connecting cable is ordered separately.

#### 10.5.2 Additional nameplate information



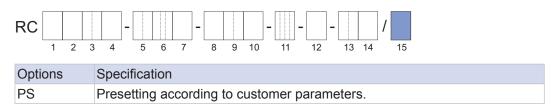
BG

Nameplate with customer device location identification

This marking (Tag No.) must be provided by the customer at the time the order is placed.

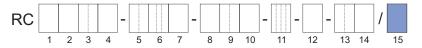
#### 10.5.3 Presetting of customer parameters

Rotamass flow meters can be preconfigured with customer-specific data.





#### **10.5.4** Concentration and petroleum measurement



Options	Specification
CST	Standard concentration measurement
AC0	Advanced concentration measurement, customer settings
AC1	Advanced concentration measurement, one default data set
AC2	Advanced concentration measurement, two default data sets
AC3	Advanced concentration measurement, three default data sets
AC4	Advanced concentration measurement, four default data sets
C52	Net Oil Computing (NOC) following API standard

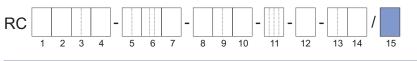
These device options are not available in combination with gas measurement devices (model code position 9 with the values: 70 or 50).

Options with CST, AC\_ and C52 are available only for Ultimate transmitters (value U in model code position 1).

Advanced concentration function can be ordered with 1 to 4 different sets of pre-configured concentrations (AC1 - AC4).

For details about the device function refer to *Concentration and petroleum measurement* [> 60].

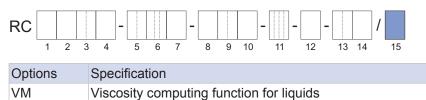
#### 10.5.5 Batching function



Options	Specification
BT	Batching and filling function

For details about the device function refer to Batching function [ 62].

#### 10.5.6 Viscosity function

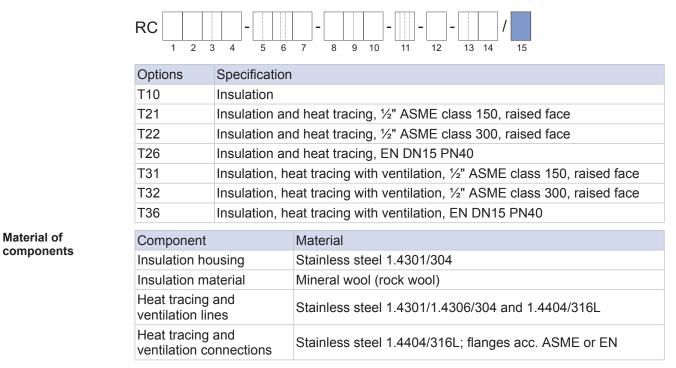


For details about the device function refer to Viscosity function [ 63].



#### 10.5.7 Insulation and heat tracing

These device options are available only for remote type with long neck.



For dimensions of insulation and heating components see *Process connections, dimensions and weights of sensor* [> 39].

12

11

13 14

15

 $\bigcirc$ 

Insulation and heat tracing is not available for process meter size 2H.

# 10.5.8 Certificates

5 6

2 3 4

1

Accordance with	Options	Specification
terms of order	P2	Declaration of compliance with the order 2.1 according to EN 10204
	P3	Quality Inspection Certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)
Material	Options	Specification
certificates	P6	Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)
Dye penetration test of weld seams	Options	Specification
	PT	Dye penetrant test of process connection weld seams according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1, including certificate
	PTA	Dye penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V
Positive Material Identification of wetted parts	Options	Specification
	PM	Positive Material Identification of wetted parts, including certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)

8 9 10



# **Giga** Ordering information

Droopure tooting	0	
Pressure testing	Options	Specification
	P8	Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate (Inspection Certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204)
Welding	Options	Specification
certificates	WP	<ul><li>Welding certificates:</li><li>WPS according to DIN EN ISO 15609-1</li><li>WPQR according to DIN EN ISO 15614-1</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>WQC according to DIN EN 287-1 or DIN EN ISO 6906-4</li> </ul>
	WPA	Welding procedures and Certificate according to ASME IX
	•	butt welding seam between the process connection and the flow divider.
Mass flow calibration	Water is use	ed as fluid for calibrating the Rotamass.
ounsidion	Options	Specification
	K2	Customer-specific 5-point mass flow calibration with factory calibration cer- tificate (mass flow or volume flow of water). A table listing the desired cali- bration points must be supplied with the order.
	K5	Customer-specific 10-point mass flow calibration with DAkkS calibration certificate (mass flow or volume flow of water). A table listing the desired calibration points must be supplied with the order.
Calibration	Options	Specification
certificates	L2	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a cali- bration traceable to national standards, including a list of working standards used for calibration. Language: English/Japanese
	L3	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a calibration traceable to national standards, including a list of primary standards to which the delivered product is traceable. Language: English/Japanese
	L4	The certificate confirms that the delivered instrument has undergone a cali- bration traceable to national standards and that the calibration system of Rota Yokogawa is traceable to national standards. Language: English/Ja- panese
Surfaces free of oil	Options	Specification
and grease	H1	Degreasing of wetted surfaces according to ASTM G93-03 (Level C), including test report
X-ray inspection of	Options	Specification
flange weld seam		X-ray inspection of flange weld seam according to DIN EN ISO 17636-1/B
	RT	Evaluation according to AD 2000 HP 5/3 and DIN EN ISO 5817/C, including certificate
	RTA	X-ray test according to ASME V
	This device C-22/2.4602	option is not available for devices with wetted parts made of Ni alloy 2.
Ferrite testing	Options	Specification
	FE	Ferrite test for flange welding according to DIN EN ISO 8249
	ISO 8249 ar	on of ferrite content is possible for flange weld seams according to DIN EN nd ANSI/AWS A4.2. The pass criterion is a ferrite number < 30. An inspection delivered with the device

certificate is delivered with the device.





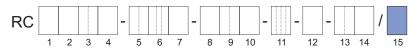
Combined certificates

Options	Specification
	Combination of:
P10	<ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>
	Combination of:
	<ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> </ul>
P11	<ul> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> </ul>
	Combination of:
	<ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> </ul>
P12	<ul> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PT: Dye penetration test according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>
	Combination of:
	<ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> </ul>
P13	<ul> <li>PT: Dye penetration test according to DIN EN ISO 3452-1</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>WP: Welding certificates</li> </ul>
	Combination of:
544	<ul> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> </ul>
P14	<ul> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>
	WP: Welding certificates
	Combination of:
D20	<ul> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V</li> </ul>
P20	<ul> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul>
	Combination of:
	<ul> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> </ul>
P21	<ul> <li>P8: Hydrostatic Pressure Test Certificate</li> </ul>
1 2 1	<ul> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul>



	Options	Specification
	P22	<ul> <li>Combination of:</li> <li>P3: Quality Inspection Certificate</li> <li>P6: Certificate of Marking Transfer and Raw Material Certificates</li> <li>PM: Positive Material Identification of wetted parts</li> <li>PTA: Dye Penetrant test of flange welding according to ASME V</li> <li>WPA: Welding procedures and Certificates according to ASME IX</li> <li>RTA: X-ray test according to ASME V</li> </ul>
ASME B31.3	Options	Specification
compliance	P15	ASME B31.3 compliance NORMAL FLUID SERVICE

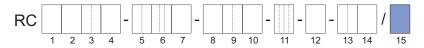
#### 10.5.9 Country-specific delivery



Options	Specification
PJ	Delivery to Japan <sup>1)</sup>
CN	Delivery to China
KC	Delivery to Korea
VE	Delivery to EAC area
VR	Delivery to EAC area and Russia Pattern Approval marking

<sup>1)</sup> Delivery with SI units pre-setting of transmitter and Quality Inspection Certificate (English/Japanese)

#### 10.5.10 Country-specific application

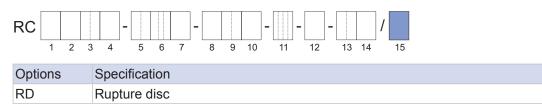


Options	Specification
Q11	PESO approval delivery
QR	Primary calibration valid in Russia, including certificate

#### 10.5.11 Rupture disc

In the event of a measuring tube break, complete release of process pressure via the rupture disc cannot be ensured in every case.

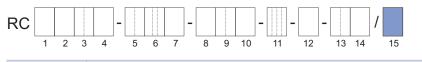
The rupture disc's bursting pressure is 20 bar (291 psi), the nominal diameter 8 mm (0.315 inch). If a larger nominal diameter is required, the Yokogawa sales organization may be contacted with regard to customized designs.





#### 10.5.12 Tube health check

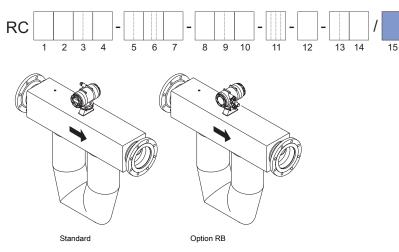
By way of the tube health check, the transmitter can determine whether the tube properties were altered due to corrosion or deposits and whether they could impact accuracy as a result.



Options	Specification

|--|

#### 10.5.13 Transmitter housing rotated 180°



Options	Specification
RB	Alignment of transmitter housing rotated 180°

#### 10.5.14 Measurement of heat quantity

RC					]-[				-					-		/	
	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Opti	ons		5	Spe	cifi	cat	ion										

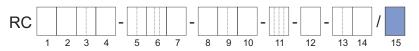
Options	Specification
CGC	Measurement of the total transported energy content of a fuel in connection with a sensor for determining the fuel's calorific value (e.g. a gas chromato- graph, not included in scope of delivery).
	This option is available only together with model code position 13 JH to JN.

For details about the device function refer to Measurement of heat quantity [> 64].



#### 10.5.15 Marine Approval

By ordering options MC2 and MC3 the device will carry a type approval mark by DNV GL. Ordering of fire retardant cable  $(Y_{\_\_\_})$  is mandatory with this option. In case of thermal oil applications option RT or RTA is mandatory. Please note that DNV GL has additional requirements regarding the process conditions as reproduced in the table below. The complete requirements can be found in the classification society's rules concerning the respective use case. Marine approval is not available for all device variants, for details see exclusions in *Overview options* [ $\triangleright$  80].



	Option					
	MC2		MC3			
Dining overem for	Class II 1)		Class III <sup>1)</sup>			
Piping system for	p in bar	$T_{D}$ in °C	p in bar	T <sub>D</sub> in °C		
Steam	≤ 16	≤ 300	≤ 7	≤ 170		
Thermal oil	≤ 16	≤ 300	≤ 7	≤ 150		
Fuel oil, lubricating oil, flammable oil	≤ 16	≤ 150	≤ 7	≤ 60		
Other media <sup>2)</sup>	≤ 40	≤ 300	≤ 16	≤ 200		

p : Design pressure

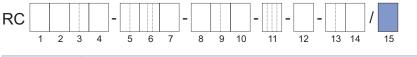
T<sub>D</sub> : Design temperature

 $^{1)}$  both specified conditions (p and  $T_{\scriptscriptstyle D})$  shall be met

<sup>2)</sup> Cargo oil pipes on oil carriers and open ended pipes (drain overflows, vents, boiler escape pipes etc.) independently of the pressure and temperature, are pertaining to class III.

Options	Specification
MC2	Marine approval according to DNV GL piping class 2
MC3	Marine approval according to DNV GL piping class 3

#### 10.5.16 Customer specific special product manufacture



Options	Specification
Z	Deviations from the specifications in this document are possible.



#### **10.6 Ordering Instructions**

Specify the following information when ordering a product:

- Model code
- Fluid name
- Language of the quick reference instruction manual:
  - English
  - French
  - German
  - Japanese
  - Russian
  - Korean
  - Chinese
- Display language and language pack (Display only present for value 1 on position 14 of the model code):
  - EN-Pack1 English
  - DE-Pack1 German
  - FR-Pack1 French
  - PT-Pack1 Portuguese
  - JA-Pack1 Japanese
  - IT-Pack1 Italian
  - EN-Pack2 English
  - DE-Pack2 German
  - RU-Pack2 Russian
  - PL-Pack2 Polish
  - KZ-Pack2 Kazakh
  - EN-Pack3 English
  - DE-Pack3 German
  - FR-Pack3 French
  - PT-Pack3 Portuguese
  - IT-Pack3 Italian
  - ES-Pack3 Spanish
  - CN-Pack3 Chinese



- Orientation 1
   Orientation 2
   Orientation 3

   Horizontal installation -<br/>tubes down
   Horizontal installation -<br/>tubes up
   Vertical installation

   Integral<br/>type
   Image: Comparison of the second of the secon
- Orientation of the display (Display only present for value 1 on position 14 of the model code):

- (i) In the above the figure, the case of the Prime sensor is shown. The design of sensor depend on the each series.
  - The parameter "Installation Orientation" in transmitter must be set by the customer according to the installation direction of the sensor.
    - Tag No. to be engraved on the nameplate (option BG, up to 16 characters length)
       Catheorem Tag No. (both chart and lengt)
    - Software Tag No. (both short and long):
      - HART Tag No. (short): up to 8 characters length (Capital letters only)
      - HART Tag No. (long): up to 32 characters length
    - Customer name for the certificates (option L2, L3, L4: up to 60 characters length)

**(i)** 

- Advanced concentration type (option AC1 AC4, see Concentration and petroleum measurement [> 94]):
  - C01 Sugar / Water 0 85 °Bx, 0 80 °C
  - C02 NaOH / Water 2 50 WT%, 0 100 °C
  - C03 KOH / Water 0 60 WT%, 54 100 °C
  - C04 NH4NO3 / Water 1 50 WT%, 0 80 °C
  - C05 NH4NO3 / Water 20 70 WT%, 20 100 °C
  - C06 HCI / Water 22 34 WT%, 20 40 °C
  - C07 HNO3 / Water 50 67 WT%, 10 60 °C
  - C09 H2O2 / Water 30 75 WT%, 4 44 °C
  - C10 Ethylene Glycol / Water 10 50 WT%, -20 40  $^\circ\text{C}$
  - C11 Amylum = starch / Water 33 43 WT%, 35 45 °C
  - C12 Methanol / Water 35 60 WT%, 0 40 °C
  - C20 Alcohol / Water 55 100 VOL%, 10 40 °C
  - C21 Sugar / Water 40 80 °Bx, 75 100 °C
  - C30 Alcohol / Water 66 100 WT%, 15 40 °C
  - C37 Alcohol / Water 66 100 WT%, 10 40 °C



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#### YOKOGAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION Headquarters 2-9-32, Nakacho, Musashino-shi, Tokyo, 180-8750 JAPAN Phone : 81-422-52-5555 Branch Sales Offices

Osaka, Nagoya, Hiroshima, Kurashiki, Fukuoka, Kitakyusyu

#### YOKOGAWA CORPORATION OF AMERICA

 Head Office
 CORFORMATION OF A

 12530 West Airport Blvd, Sugar Land,
 12530 West Airport Blvd, Sugar Land,

 12530 West Airport Blvd, Sugar Land,
 12830 West Airport Blvd, Sugar Land,

 Phone: 1-281-340-3838
 6eorgia Office

 2 Dart Road, Newnan, Georgia 30265, USA
 Phone: 1-800-888-6400/ 1-770-253-7000

 Fax: 1-770-254-0928
 Fax: 1-770-254-0928

# YOKOGAWA AMERICA DO SUL LTDA. Praca Acapulco, 31 - Santo Amaro, Sáo Paulo/SP, BRAZIL, CEP-04675-190 Phone : 55-11-5681-2400 Fax : 55-11-5681-4434

YOKOGAWA EUROPE B. V. Euroweg 2, 3825 HD Amersfoort, THE NETHERLANDS

Phone : 31-88-4641000 Fax : 31-88-4641111

# YOKOGAWA ELECTRIC CIS LTD.

Grokholskiy per 13 Building 2, 4th Floor 129090, Moscow, RUSSIA Phone : 7-495-737-7868 Fax : 7-495-737-7869

#### YOKOGAWA CHINA CO., LTD.

3F Tower D Cartelo Crocodile Building, No.568 West Tianshan Road, Shanghai 200353 CHINA Phone: 86-21-62396262 Fax: 86-21-62387866Z

YOKOGAWA ELECTRIC KOREA CO., LTD. (Yokogawa B/D, Yangpyeong-dong 4-Ga), 21, Seonyu-ro 45-gil, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul, 150-866, KOREA Phone: 82-2-2628-6000 Fax: 82-2-2628-6400

# YOKOGAWA ENGINEERING ASIA PTE. LTD. 5 Bedok South Road, Singapore 469270, SINGAPORE Phone : 65-6241-9933 Fax : 65-6241-2606

YOKOGAWA INDIA I TD.

Plot No.96, Electronic City Complex, Hosur Road, Bangalore - 560 100, INDIA Phone : 91-80-4158-6000 Fax : 91-80-2852-1442

#### YOKOGAWA AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.

Tower A, 112-118 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park NSW 2113, AUSTRALIA Phone : 61-2-8870-1100 Fax : 61-2-8870-1111

YOKOGAWA MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA B.S.C.(C) P.O. Box 10070, Manama, Building 577, Road 2516, Busaiteen 225, Muharraq, Kingdom of BAHRAIN Phone : 973-17358100 Fax : 973-17336100

